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- (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GLAXO GROUP LIMITED [GB/GB]; Glaxo Wellcome House, Berkeley Avenue, Greenford Middlesex UB6 0NN (GB).
- (72) Inventor; and
- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): BROOKS, David, P [US/US]; GlaxoSmithKline, 709 Swedeland Road, King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406 (US).
- (74) Agent: GIBSON, Mark; GlaxoSmithKline, Corporate Intellectual Property (CN925.1), 980 Great West Road, Brentford Middlesex TW8 9GS (GB).

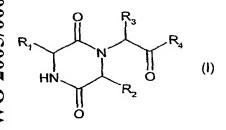
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(54) Title: SUBSTITUTED DIKETOPIPERAZINES FOR THE TREATMENT OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA



(57) **Abstract:** A method of treating or preventing benign prostatic hyperplasia which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof of an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) where R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 are defined as provided in claim 1.

SUBSTITUDED DIKETOPIPERAZINES FOR THE TREATMENT OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA

This invention relates to the use of a class of diketopiperazine derivatives having a potent and selective antagonism of oxytocin for use in the treament of benign prostatic hyperplasia

USP5817751 describes combinatorial and solid phase methods for the synthesis of diverse diketopiperazine derivatives and the use of these methods to create libraries of diverse diketopiperazine derivatives.

WO99/47549 describes diketopiperazine derivatives including 3-benzyl-2,5 diketopiperazine derivatives as inhibitors of fructose 1,6-bisphospate (FBPase). WO99/38844 describes a method for preparing N-[aliphatic or aromatic) carbonyl]-2-aminoacetamide compounds and their cyclisation to give inter alia diketopiperazine derivatives.

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WO99/37304 describes oxaheterocyclyl compounds including oxapiperazinyl compounds that are inhibitors of Factor Xa.

- 20 Prostate oxytocin levels are raised in dogs with benign prostatic hyperplasia and this increase is associated with increased 5 alpha-reductase activity (Nicholson & Jenkin, 1995, Adv Exp Med Biol, 395, 529-538).
- Oxytocin stimulates prostatic growth in the rat (Popovic et al, 1982, Lugoslav Pharmacol Acta 18, 95-106).
 - Oxytocin is present in human prostate (Nicholson et al, 1985, J Endocinol, 104 (Suppl) 127)
- Oxytocin mRNA is present in the monkey prostate, suggesting local synthesis (Frayne & Nicholson, 1998, Molecular Human Reproduction. 4, 527-32)
 - We have found a class of diketopiperazine derivatives which exhibit a particularly useful level of activity as selective antagonists at the oxytocin receptor and thus are potentially useful in the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia
- The present invention thus a method of treating or preventing benign prostatic hyperplasia which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof of an effective amount of an oxytocin receptor antagonist compound of the formula (I).

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_2
 R_3
 R_2
 R_3
 R_2

and/or a physiologically acceptable derivative thereof, wherein:

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R₁ represents aryl (C₁₋₄) alkyl or a 5-7 membered cycloalkyl group optionally substituted with one or more hydroxyl groups which is fused to an optionally substituted benzene ring;

R₂ represents C₁₋₆alkyl (optionally substituted by a C₁₋₂alkoxy, C₁₋₂alklthio, di(C₁₋₂alkyl) amino or a C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl group) or C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl, or 5-6 membered heterocyclic group containing a single hetero atom selected from O, S or N, which nitrogen atom carries a hydrogen atom or a methyl or ethyl group;

R₃ represents optionally substituted phenyl, a 5 or 6 membered hetero aryl group or a fused bicyclic ring system containing 9-10 ring members which may be a carbocyclic group or it may contain up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S or N and one of the fused rings is benzene;

 R_4 represents OH or OC_{1-4} alkyl (optionally substituted with C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyloxy) or 15 NR_5R_6

 R_5 represents hydrogen, $C_{1\text{--}6}$ alkyl (optionally substituted with $C_{1\text{--}4}$ alkoxy) or $C_{3\text{--}}$ 7cycloalkyl;

R₆ represents hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₁₋₄alkyl [optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from, carboxyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, or C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl], C₂₋₄alkyl [optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from halogen, hydroxy, $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkoxy or NR_7R_8 wherein R_7 and R_8 independently represent hydrogen or $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached to form a 3-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring which may contain an additional heteroatom selected from O,

S or N (and which heterocyclic group may be substituted by 1 to 3 groups selected from C₁₋₃alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₃ alkoxy (optionally substituted by C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl or optionally subtituted phenyl), C 3-6cycloalkyl or NRcRd wherein Rc and Rd each independently represent a group selected from C 1-3 alkyl (optionally substituted by C 3-6 cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl) or C 3-6 cycloalkyl)] or R6 represents a phenyl or benzyl 30

group (optionally substituted by one or more methoxy or benzyloxy groups) or an optionally substituted heteroarylmethyl group or a heteroaryl group or C₃₋₇ cycloalkyl or the group CH₂CONR₉R₁₀ wherein R₉ represents hydrogen or C₁₋₄alkyl, R₁₀ represents hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted by a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group or R₉. R₁₀ and the nitrogen atom to which they are attached together form a 5 or 6 membered saturated heterocyclic ring and wherein the 6 membered heterocyclic group may contain an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulphur or nitrogen and the additional

nitrogen atom either carries a hydrogen atom or a C1-4alkyl or C1-4alkanoyl group; or R5

and R₆ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 3 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring which heterocycle may contain an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen and wherein the sulphur atom may be in an oxidised form e.g. SO₂ and the additional nitrogen atom either carries a hydrogen atom or a C₁₋₄alkyl or a C₁₋₄alkanoyl group or a C₁₋₄alkylsulphonyl group or a C₁₋₃ alkoxyC₂₋₄ alkyl [and which heterocyclic groups may be substituted by one or more halogen atoms or a group selected from C₁₋₃alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C ₃₋₆cycloalkyl or NR_eR_f wherein R_e and R_f each independently represent a group selected from C ₁₋₃alkyl (optionally substituted by C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl) or C ₃₋₆ cycloalkyl].

A particularly useful class of compounds of formula (I) are those wherein R_1 is 2-indanyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl and more particularly a 2-indanyl group and R_2 , R_3 and R_4 have the meanings defined above and/or physiologically acceptable derivatives thereof. A further useful class of novel compounds of formula (I) are those wherein R_1 is a 2-phenethyl and R_2 , R_3 and R_4 have the meanings defined above and/or physiologically acceptable derivatives thereof.

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The compounds of formula (I) contain at least three centers of asymmetry, namely the carbon atoms carrying the substituents R₁, R₂ and R₃ respectively and it is to be understood that formula (I) includes all possible stereoisomers and mixtures thereof. The substituent R₃ may exist in more than one tautomeric form and it is to be all understood that formula (I) includes all possible tautomeric forms and mixtures thereof.

The compounds of formula (I) wherein at least one of the groups R₁, R₂,R₃ or R₄ contains a basic or acidic grouping may form salts with physiologically acceptable acids or bases and reference to compounds of formula (I) herein includes such salts.

As used herein, the terms "physiologically acceptable derivative" or "pharmaceutically acceptable derivative", mean any pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, or prodrug e.g. ester or carbamate, or salt or solvate of such a prodrug, of a compound of formula (I), which upon administration to the recipient is capable of providing (directly or indirectly) a compound of formula (I), or an active metabolite or residue thereof. Preferred pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives are salts and solvates.

As used herein, the term "prodrug" means a compound which is converted within the body, e.g. by hydrolysis in the blood, into its active form that has medical effects. Pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs are described in T. Higuchi and V. Stella, Prodrugs as Novel Delivery Systems, Vol. 14 of the A.C.S. Symposium Series, and in Edward B. Roche, ed., Bioreversible Carriers in Drug Design, American Pharmaceutical Association

Roche, ed., Bioreversible Carriers in Drug Design, American Pharmaceutical Association and Pergamon Press, 1987, both of which are incorporated herein by reference. Esters may be active in their own right and /or be hydrolysable under *in vivo* conditions in the

human body. Suitable pharmaceutically acceptable *in vivo* hydrolysable ester groups include those which break down readily in the human body to leave the parent acid or its salt. Examples of such esters include alkyl and 1-(acetyloxy)ethyl esters.

The term alkyl as a group or part of a group refers to a straight or branched alkyl group e.g. methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, 2-methylpropyl, t-butyl, pentyl or hexyl.

The term C $_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl as a group or part of a group includes cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl groups. The term C_{3-7} cycloalkyl also includes cycloheptyl.

The term halogen refers to fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

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Unless otherwise specified the term optionally substituted phenyl refers to a phenyl group which may be substituted by 1 to 3 substituents which may be the same or different and 15 selected from halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₄alkyl (optionally substituted by 1-3 halogen atomsor NR_gR_h [wherein R_g is hydrogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl, R_h is hydrogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, or R_g and R_h together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached to form a 5 to 7 membered ring, which ring is saturated and may contain an additional heteroatom selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur]), C_{1-4} alkylsulphonyl, carboxyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, di(C_{1-4}) 20 4alkyl)aminocarbonyloxy, C₁₋₄alkoxy (optionally substituted by 1-3 halogen atoms, amino, C₁₋₄ alkylamino or di-(C₁₋₄alkyl) amino), phenyl (optionally substituted by halogen or alkylaminosulphonyl), C1-4alkoxy, NRaRb [wherein Ra is hydrogen or C1-4 alkyl, R_b is hydrogen, C₁₋₄ alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkanoyl or C₁₋₄ alkylsulphonyl or R_a and R_b together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached to form a 5 to 7 membered 25 ring, which ring is saturated and may be substituted by hydroxyl or 1 or 2 C₁₋₄alkyl groups or may be spiro-fused to a dioxalane ring or may contain an additional heteroatom selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur and may be substituted by 1 or 2 C₁₋₄alkyl groups, or which ring is unsaturated and contains 1-3 additional nitrogen atoms], a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group, an optionally N-substituted aminocarbonyl or 30 aminosulphonyl group (wherein the substituents may be 1 or 2 C₁₋₄ alkyl groups) or a dihydroxyboryl group).

The term 5 membered heteroaryl refers to a 5 membered ring which contains a

heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulphur or nitrogen and which may also contain from 1
to 3 additional nitrogen atoms and which groups may be substituted by 1 or more groups
selected from halogen, trifluoromethyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryl, saturated
heterocyclic, or phenyl groups. Examples of such 5 membered heteroaryl groups include
furanyl, thienyl, pyrrolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, imidazolyl, pyrazolyl,
oxadiazolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl or tetrazolyl and these heterocycles may be substituted
as described above.

The term 6-membered heteroaryl group refers to a 6-membered unsaturated ring which contains from 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms and which may be substituted by 1 to 3 C_{1-4} alkyl groups, or trifluoromethyl, or alkoxy groups. Examples of such groups include pyridyl, methylpyridyl, trifluoromethylpyridyl, pyrimidinyl and triazinyl.

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When R_3 is a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group this is linked to the rest of the molecule via a carbon atom in the ring.

When R₃ is a fused bicyclic carbocyclic ring system this may be for example a naphthyl, tetrahydronaphthyl, indanyl or indenyl group.

When R₃ is a fused bicylic system containing up to 3 heteroatoms which may be the same or different, this is conveniently a 6,5 or 6,6 ring system wherein the heterocycle may be partially saturated or together with the benzene ring to which it is fused to form a heteroaryl group and the heterocycle may be substituted by 1 or 2 groups selected from C₁₋₄ alkyl or halogen or haloalkyl and or may contain a carbonyl group. The said R₃ group may be linked to the rest of the molecule via a carbon atom in the benzene ring or a carbon atom in the heterocyclic group.

When R₃ is a fused 6,6 heteroaryl group the hetero ring contains from 1 to 3 nitrogen atoms and examples of such heteroaryl groups include quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, phthalazinyl, cinnolinyl, quinazolinyl, quinoxalinyl, 1,2,3 benzotriazinyl or 1,2,4 benzotriazinyl.

When R₃ is a 6,5 bicyclic heteroaryl group the 5 membered heterocycle contains a hetero atom selected from O, S or N and may in addition also contain a further 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms and the heterocyclic ring may also be substituted by 1 or 2 C₁₋₄ alkyl or halogen or haloalkyl and or may contain a carbonyl group. Examples of such 6, 5 bicyclic heteroaryl groups include benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, indolyl, benzo-oxadiazolyl,

benzothiadiazolyl, benzo-oxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoisothiazolyl, benzoisoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indazolyl or benzotriazolyl and these groups may be substituted as described above.

When R₃ is a 6,6 or 6,5 bicyclic heterocyclic group and the hererocycle is partially saturated, this may contain 1 or 2 heteroatoms selected from O, S or N. Examples of such groups include indolinyl, isoindolinyl, dihydrobenzofuranyl, dihydrobenzothienyl, 1,3-benzodioxolyl, benzopyrrolyl, 1,3-benzodithiolyl 1,4-benzodioxanyl, phthalyl, thiophthalyl, chromanyl or chromenyl and the groups may be substituted by one or more halogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl groups, haloalkyl, or may contain a carbonyl group.

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When R₃ is a fused bicyclic heteroaryl linked via the benzene ring therein then suitable examples of such a group include 6-quinolinyl, 4-isoindolinyl, 4-(N-methyl-isoindolinyl,

benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzofuranyl, benzothienyl, benzimidazolyl benzoxazolyl, 2 methyl-benzo-oxazolyl, benzothiadiazolyl, benzotriazolyl and 1-methyl benzotriazolyl.

When R₃ is a fused bicyclic heteroaryl group linked via the heteroaryl ring this may be for example a 2-benzofuranyl, 2-benzothienyl or 2-N-methylindolyl group. When R₃ is a 6,6 or 6,5 heterocyclic group wherein the heterocycle is partially saturated this is conveniently linked via the benzene ring therein and suitable examples include dihydrobenzofuran, dihydrobenzopyrrole, 1,3-benzodioxolyl, 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxolyl, and 1,4-benzodioxanyl.

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When R₃ is a substituted phenyl group the said group conveniently carries from 1 to 3 substituents which may be the same or different selected from fluorine, chlorine, bromine C₁₋₃alkyl(methyl), C₁₋₃haloalkyl (trifluoromethyl), C₁₋₃alkoxy (methoxy, ethoxy), haloalkoxy (trifluoromethoxy), aminoethoxy e.g. dimethylaminoethoxy, C₁-3alkoxycarbonyl, carboxy, hydroxy, phenyl or phenyl (substituted by halogen or alkylaminosulphonyl), NR_aR_b [wherein R_a is hydrogen or C₁₋₂alkyl and R_b is C₁₋₂alkyl, $C_{1\text{--4}}$ alkanoyl, $C_{1\text{--4}}$ alkylsulphonyl, $C_{1\text{--3}}$ alkylaminocarbonyl] or NR_aR_b represents a pyrrolidino or piperidino ring, which ring may be substituted by a C₁₋₂alkyl, hydroxyl or a 2,2-1,3-dioxolane group or NR_aR_b represents a morpholino or a piperazino group which groups may be substituted by 1 or 2 $C_{1\text{--}2}$ alkyl groups or NR_aR_b represents a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group containing from 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms (such as a 1imidazolyl, 1,2-pyrazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl or 1,2,4-triazolyl substitutent), C1-3alkylsulphonyl, C₁₋₃alkylaminocarbonyl, C₁₋₃alkylaminosulphonyl, dihydroxyboryl or a 5 or 6 membered atom heteroaryl group containing from 1 to 4 nitrogen atoms and which is linked to the phenyl group via a carbon atom in the heteroaryl group (for example pyridyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl or tetrazol 5-yl, which heteroaryl groups may be

Examples of suitable R₃ groups wherein R₃ is optionally substituted phenyl include phenyl, halophenyl such as 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 2,3-difluorophenyl, 3,4difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2-chloro-4fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2 fluoro-4-bromophenyl, 4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl or 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2fluoro-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-

substituted by 1 or more C_{1-4} alkyl groups.

fluoro-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4 methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4 hydroxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-dimethylaminomethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-hydroxymethylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 3-fluoro-4-carboxymethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-t-butyloxycarbonylmethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-dimethylaminocarbonyloxyphenyl, 3-chloro-4 trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,3-difluoro-4-methyl-phenyl, 4-

chloro-4 trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,3-difluoro-4-methyl-phenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxycarbonylphenyl, 3-methoxycarbonyphenyl, 4-methylsulphonylphenyl, 4-

methylaminocarbonylphenyl, 4- aminocarbonylphenyl, 4-methylaminosulphonylphenyl, 3-(3-pyrazyolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(3pyridyl)phenyl, 4-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 3-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-t-butyl-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl, 4-methylaminophenyl, 4-dimethylaminophenyl, 4diethylaminophenyl, 4-acetylaminophenyl, 3-acetylaminophenyl, 4-hydroxy-3-5 acetylaminophenyl, 4-methylsulphonylaminophenyl, 4-N-methylpiperazinophenyl, 4-Npyrrolidinophenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 3-(1pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, , 4-(1-3,5 di-t-butylpyrazolyl)phenyl, 3-(1imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,4-triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,3-10 triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(2-4,-t-butylthiazolyl)phenyl, 4-(5-2-t-butyltetrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4 spiro-1,3-dioxolanyl)piperidinophenyl, 4-(4-fluorophenyl)phenyl, 4-(4ethylaminosulphonylphenyl) phenyl, 4-dimethylaminoethoxyphenyl or 3-(dihydroxyboryl)phenyl.

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When R₃ is a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group suitable examples of such groups include 2-furanyl, 3-thienyl, 3-furanyl, 2-thienyl, 4-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-chloro-2-thienyl, 3-fluoro-5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-fluoro-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-furanyl, 5-bromo-2-furanyl, 4,5-dimethyl-2-furanyl, 2,3-dimethyl-5-thienyl, 5-trifluoromethyl-2-furanyl, 2-furanyl-4-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-furanyl-5-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6-hydroxy-3-pyridyl, 6-methoxy-3-pyridyl, 6-trifluoromethyl-3-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, 3,5-pyrimidinyl, 2-thiazolyl, 4-oxazolyl, 4-thiazolyl, 2-methyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-cyclopropyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2,5-dimethyl-4-oxazolyl, 4-thiazolyl, 2-methyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-5-thiazolyl, 4-isoxazolyl, 1-methyl-4-pyrazolyl, 1,3-dimethyl-5-pyrazolyl, 5-(2-pyridyl)-2-thienyl, 2-(4-morpholino)-5-thiazolyl or 2-(4-methyl-1-piperazino)-5-thiazolyl.

When R₃ is an optionally substituted fused bicyclic ring system examples of suitable groups include 2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl, 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1,3-benzothiazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-6-yl, 1,2,3-benzothiadiazol-6-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl, 1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1-methyl-1H-lindol-5-yl, 1-benzothien-5-yl, 1-benzofuran-6-yl, 1H-indol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl, 2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1H-benzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indazol-6-yl, 1-benzofuran-2-yl or 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl.

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When the group R_1 is a 5-7 membered cycloalkyl group which is fused to an optionally substituted benzene ring the optional substituents may be from 1 to 3 groups which may

be the same or different and selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl or carboxamido.

When the group R₁ is aralkyl the aryl moiety is phenyl optionally substituted by 1 to 3 groups which may be the same or different and selected from halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, trifluoromethyl, nitro, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl or carboxamido.

Examples of suitable R_1 groups include phenethyl or indanyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl e.g. 2-indanyl, 1-hydroxy -2-indanyl, 5-hydroxy -2-indanyl.

Examples of suitable R_2 groups include C_{3-4} alkyl e.g. isopropyl, 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl, C_{3-6} cycloalkyl e.g cyclopentyl.

Conveniently R_4 is hydroxy , C $_{1\text{--}4}$ alkoxy e.g. methoxy, propoxy, t-butoxy , 1-acetyloxyethoxy or NR_5R_6 .

A preferred class of compounds of formula (I) are those wherein R_4 represents hydroxy or the group NR_5R_6 or more preferably NR_5R_6 .

A further preferred class of compounds is represented by formula (1a)

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R₁ ///, R₂ R₄

wherein the groups R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 have the meanings defined for formula (I) Conveniently R_1 is a group selected from 2-phenethyl or 2-indanyl optionally substituted by hydroxyl and more particularly 2-indanyl. Conveniently R_2 is a group selected from isopropyl, 1-methyl propyl, 2-methylpropyl or cyclopentyl and more preferably R_2 is a group selected from 1-methylpropyl, or 2-methylpropyl.

(1a)

Conveniently R₃ is a group selected from phenyl, halophenyl such as 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 2,3-difluorophenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2 fluoro-4-bromophenyl, 4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl or 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4 methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-hydroxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-dimethylaminomethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-hydroxymethylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 3-fluoro-4-

carboxymethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-t-butyloxycarbonylmethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4dimethylaminocarbonyloxyphenyl, 3-chloro-4 trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,3-difluoro-4methyl-phenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 4methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxycarbonylphenyl, 3-methoxycarbonyphenyl, 4methylsulphonylphenyl, 4-methylaminocarbonylphenyl, 4- aminocarbonylphenyl, 4-5 methylaminosulphonylphenyl, 3-(3-pyrazyolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyridyl)phenyl, 4-(2-pyridylphenyl), 4-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 3-(2imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-t-butyl-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl, 4-methylaminophenyl, 4dimethylaminophenyl, 4-diethylaminophenyl, 4-acetylaminophenyl, 3acetylaminophenyl, 4-hydroxy-3-acetylaminophenyl, 4-methylsulphonylaminophenyl, 4-10 N-methylpiperazinophenyl, 4-N-pyrrolidinophenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 3-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, , 4-(1-3,5 di-tbutylpyrazolyl)phenyl, 3-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,4triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,3-triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(2-4,-t-butylthiazolyl)phenyl, 4-(5-2-t-15 butyltetrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4 spiro-1,3-dioxolanyl)piperidinophenyl, 4-(4fluorophenyl)phenyl, 4-(4-ethylaminosulphonylphenyl)phenyl, 4dimethylaminoethoxyphenyl, 3-(dihydroxyboryl)phenyl, 2-furanyl, 3-thienyl, 3-furanyl, 2-thienyl, 4-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-chloro-2-thienyl, 3-fluoro-5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-furanyl, 5-bromo-2-furanyl, 4,5-dimethyl-2-20 furanyl, 5-trifluoromethyl-2-furanyl, 2-furanyl-4-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-furanyl-5-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6methoxy-3-pyridyl, 6-hydroxy-3-pyridyl, 6-trifluoromethyl-3-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4pyridyl, 3,5-pyrimidinyl, 2-thiazolyl, , 2-methyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-ethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2cyclopropyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2,5-dimethyl-4-oxazolyl, 4-25 thiazolyl, 2-methyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-5thiazolyl, 1-methyl-4-pyrazolyl, 1,3-dimethyl-5-pyrazolyl, 5-(2-pyridyl)-2-thienyl, 2,3dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 2,3dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl, 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1,3-benzothiazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-6-yl, 1,2,3-30 benzothiadiazol-6-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-6-yl, 1benzofuran-5-yl, 1-methy-1H-lindol-5-yl, 1-benzothien-5-yl, 1-benzofuran-6-yl, 1Hindol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl, 3-methyl-1,2-benzoisoxazol-5-yl, 2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1Hbenzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indazol-5-yl, 1H-indazol-6-yl, 1-benzofuran-2-yl or 1-methyl-1H-35 benzimidazol-2-vl.

Conveniently the group R_5 is hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkyl e.g. methyl or C_{1-4} alkoxy C_{2-4} alkyl e.g. 2-methoxyethyl and R_6 is a group selected from hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkoxy e.g. methoxy, C_{1-4} alkyl e.g. methyl, n-propyl, isopropyl or t-butyl, C_{1-4} alkyl substituted by 1 to 3 halogen atoms e.g. 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl or 2-fluoroethyl, C_{1-4} alkyl substituted by alkoxycarbonyl or carboxyl e.g. methoxycarbonylmethyl or carboxymethyl, alkyl substituted by alkoxy e.g

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methoxyethyl, 2,2-dimethoxyethyl, alkyl substituted by hydroxy e.g. hydroxyethyl or alkyl substituted by dialkylamino e.g. dimethylaminoethyl, 2-benzyloxyphenyl, dimethoxybenzyl, optionally substituted heteroarylmethyl e.g. 2-pyridylmethyl, 3-pyridylmethyl, 4-pyridylmethyl, 3-methylimidazolylmethyl, heteroaryl such as thiazolyl e.g. 2-1,3-thiazolyl, alkyl substituted by NR₇R₈ [wherein NR₇R₈ form a 6-membered heterocyclic ring (e.g. piperidinoethyl or morpholinoethyl)], cycloalkyl e.g. cyclopropyl or cyclohexyl, or NR₅R₆ represents, azetidino, 3-hydroxyazetidino, 3-methoxyazetidino, pyrrolidino, piperidino, 4-dimethylaminopiperidino, 4-methyl 1,4-diazepan-1-yl, morpholino, an optionally substituted piperazino ring e.g. N-methylpiperazino,N-methanesulphonylpiperazino, N-2-methoxyethylpiperazino, thiomorpholino or the sulphoxide or sulphone thereof.

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A preferred class of compounds are those of formula (1a) wherein R_1 is 2-indanyl, R_2 is a group selected from 1-methylpropyl or 2-methylpropyl and R_4 is hydroxy and/or more particularly the group NR_5R_6 .

A further preferred class of compounds are those of formula (1a) wherein R₅ is a group selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyl e.g. methyl or C₁₋₄alkoxyC₂₋₄alkyl e.g. 2-methoxyethyl and R_6 is a group selected from hydrogen, C_{1-4} alkoxy e.g. methoxy, C_{1-4} alkyl e.g. methyl, n-propyl, isopropyl or t-butyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted by 1 to 3 halogen atoms e.g. 2,2,2-20 trifluoroethyl or 2-fluoroethyl, C₁₋₄alkyl substituted by alkoxycarbonyl or carboxyl e.g. methoxycarbonylmethyl or carboxymethyl, alkyl substituted by alkoxy e.g methoxyethyl, 2,2-dimethoxyethyl, alkyl substituted by hydroxy e.g. hydroxyethyl or alkyl substituted by dialkylamino e.g. dimethylaminoethyl, 2-benzyloxyphenyl, dimethoxybenzyl, optionally substituted heteroarylmethyl e.g. 2-pyridylmethyl, 3-pyridylmethyl, 4-25 pyridylmethyl, 3-methylimidazolylmethyl, heteroaryl such as thiazolyl e.g. 2-1,3thiazolyl, alkyl substituted by NR7R8 [wherein NR7R8 form a 6-membered heterocyclic ring (e.g. piperidinoethyl or morpholinoethyl)], cycloalkyl e.g. cyclopropyl or cyclohexyl, or NR₅R₆ represents, azetidino, 3-hydroxyazetidino, 3-methoxyazetidino, pyrrolidino, piperidino, 4-dimethylaminopiperidino, 4-methyl 1,4-diazepan-1-yl, morpholino, an 30 optionally substituted piperazino ring e.g. N-methylpiperazino, Nmethanesulphonylpiperazino, N-2-methoxyethylpiperazino, thiomorpholino or the sulphoxide or sulphone thereof.

A yet further preferred class of compounds are those of formula (1a) wherein R₃ is a group selected from phenyl, halophenyl such as 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 2,3-difluorophenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2 fluoro-4-bromophenyl, 4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl or 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4 methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4

hydroxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-dimethylaminomethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-4hydroxymethylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 3-fluoro-4carboxymethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-t-butyloxycarbonylmethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4dimethylaminocarbonyloxyphenyl, 3-chloro-4 trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,3-difluoro-4methyl-phenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 4-5 methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxycarbonylphenyl, 3-methoxycarbonyphenyl, 4methylsulphonylphenyl, 4-methylaminocarbonylphenyl, 4- aminocarbonylphenyl, 4methylaminosulphonylphenyl, 3-(3-pyrazyolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyridyl)phenyl, 4-(2-pyridylphenyl), 4-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 3-(2imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-t-butyl-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl, 4-methylaminophenyl, 4-10 dimethylaminophenyl, 4-diethylaminophenyl, 4-acetylaminophenyl, 3acetylaminophenyl, 4-hydroxy-3-acetylaminophenyl, 4-methylsulphonylaminophenyl, 4-N-methylpiperazinophenyl, 4-N-pyrrolidinophenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 3-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, , 4-(1-3,5 di-t-15 butylpyrazolyl)phenyl, 3-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,4triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,3-triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(2-4,-t-butylthiazolyl)phenyl, 4-(5-2-t-butylthiazolyl)phenyl, 4-(5-2-t-butyl butyltetrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4 spiro-1,3-dioxolanyl)piperidinophenyl, 4-(4fluorophenyl)phenyl, 4-(4-ethylaminosulphonylphenyl)phenyl, 4dimethylaminoethoxyphenyl, 3-(dihydroxyboryl)phenyl, 2-furanyl, 3-thienyl, 3-furanyl, 20 2-thienyl, 4-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-chloro-2-thienyl, 3-fluoro-5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-furanyl, 5-bromo-2-furanyl, 4,5-dimethyl-2furanyl, 5-trifluoromethyl-2-furanyl, 2-furanyl-4-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-furanyl-5-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6methoxy-3-pyridyl, 6-hydroxy-3-pyridyl, 6-trifluoromethyl-3-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-25 pyridyl, 3,5-pyrimidinyl, 2-thiazolyl, , 2-methyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-ethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2cyclopropyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2,5-dimethyl-4-oxazolyl, 4thiazolyl, 2-methyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-5thiazolyl, 1-methyl-4-pyrazolyl, 1,3-dimethyl-5-pyrazolyl, 5-(2-pyridyl)-2-thienyl, 2,3dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 2,3-30 dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl, 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1,3-benzothiazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-6-yl, 1,2,3benzothiadiazol-6-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-6-yl, 1benzofuran-5-yl, 1-methy-1H-lindol-5-yl, 1-benzothien-5-yl, 1-benzofuran-6-yl, 1Hindol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl, 3-methyl-35 1,2-benzoisoxazol-5-yl, 2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1Hbenzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indazol-5-yl, 1H-indazol-6-yl, 1-benzofuran-2-yl or 1-methyl-1Hbenzimidazol-2-yl.

40 Particular preferred compounds for use in the invention include:

- $\label{eq:continuous} \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(2,4-diffluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide \\ \ensuremath{(2R)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(4-flu$
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

 (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- morpholinamide
 - (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 - (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide. (2R)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}-2-(2-fluoro-4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl)-N-isopropylethanamide. (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide.
- 15 (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 - (2R)-N-cyclopropyl-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- 20 dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methylethanamide
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
 - (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
- 25 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-hydroxyazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-2-azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H
 - $inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione \\ (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dione \\ (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-2-(2,4-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dione \\ (2R)-2-(2,4-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dione \\ (2R)-2-(2R)-$
- 30 dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylethanamide
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]ethanamide
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide
- 35 (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)ethanamide (3R,6R)-1-{(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-2
 - oxoethyl}-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
- (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methoxy-N-methylethanamide
- (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoic acid

 $methyl~(2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5\\dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate$

- propyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate
- 5 1-(acetyloxy)ethyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate
 - $(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-\{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl\}\ ethanamide$
 - (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
- [(1S)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}ethanamide
 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-dione.
 - (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-dione.
- 15 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione.
 - (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide.
 - (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(5-methylthien-2-yl)ethanamide.
 - (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide.
 - (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide.
- 25 (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazine-2,5-dione.
 - (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(5-methylthien-2-yl)ethanamide
 - (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(3-
- 30 fluoro-5-methylthien-2-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide

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- (2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
- (2R)-2-(1,2,3-benzothiadiazol-6-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.
- 35 (2R)-2-(2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 - (2R)-2-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.
 - (2R)-2-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide. (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide.

 $\label{eq:control} \ensuremath{\text{(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide.}$

- (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazin-2,5-dione.
- (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide.
- (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N-isopropylethanamide.
- 10 (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-1-[(1R)-1-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione. (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-

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- (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indol-6-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide.
- (2R)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl) -2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide.
 - The ability of the compounds of formula (I) to inhibit the actions of oxytocin may be determined using a variety of conventional procedures.
- Thus, compounds of formula (I) have a high affinity for the oxytocin receptors on the uterus of rats and humans and this may be determined using conventional procedure. For example the affinity for the oxytocin receptors on the rat uterus may be determined by the procedure of Pettibone et al, Drug Development Research 30. 129-142 (1993). The compounds of the invention also exhibit high affinity at the human recombinant oxytocin receptor in CHO cells and this may be conveniently demonstrated using the procedure described by Wyatt et al. Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters, 2001 (11) p1301-1305.
- The compounds of formula (I)are therefore useful in the treatment or prevention of benign prostatic hyperplasia.
 - The invention also provides for the use of a compound of formula (I) and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof for the manufacture of a medicament for treating benign prostatic hyperplasia
 - According to a further aspect, the invention also provides for a method for treating or preventing benign prostatic hyperplasia which comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.

According to a further aspect, the invention also provides for a method for treating or preventing benign prostatic cancer which comprising administering to a patient in need thereof an effective amount of a compound of formula (I) and/or a physiologically acceptable salt thereof.

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It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that reference herein to treatment extends to prophylactics as well as the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia and or benign prostatic cancer.

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It will further be appreciated that the amount of a compound of the invention required for use in treatment will vary with the route of administration and the age and the condition of the patient and will be ultimately at the discretion of the attendant physician. In general however doses employed for adult human treatment will typically be in the range of 2 to 800mg per day, dependent upon the route of administration.

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Thus for parenteral administration a daily dose will typically be in the range 2 to 50mg, preferably 5 to 25mg per day. For oral administration a daily dose will typically be within the range 10 to 800mg, e.g. 20 to 150 mg per day.

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The desired dose may conveniently be presented in a single dose or as divided doses administered at appropriate intervals, for example as two, three, four or more sub-doses per day.

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While it is possible that, for use in therapy, a compound of formula (I) may be administered as the raw chemical, it is preferable to present the active ingredient as a pharmaceutical formulation.

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The invention thus further provides a pharmaceutical formulation—for the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia comprising a compound of formula (I) or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or non-toxic metabolically labile esters thereof together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers thereof and, optionally, other therapeutic and/or prophylactic ingredients. The carrier(s) must be 'acceptable' in the sense of being compatible with the other ingredients of the formulation and not deleterious to the recipient thereof.

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The compositions of the invention include those in a form especially formulated for oral, buccal, parenteral, inhalation or insufflation, implant or rectal administration.

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Tablets and capsules for oral administration may contain conventional excipients such as binding agents, for example, syrup, acacia, gelatin, sorbitol, tragacanth, mucilage of starch or polyvinylpyrrolidone; fillers, for example, lactose, sugar, microcystalline cellulose, maize-starch, calcium phosphate or sorbitol; lubricants, for example,

magnesium stearate, stearic acid, talc, polyethylene glycol or silica; disintegrants, for example, potato starch or sodium starch glycollate, or wetting agents such as sodium lauryl sulphate. The tablets may be coated according to methods well known in the art. Oral liquid preparations may be in the form of, for example, aqueous or oily suspensions, solutions emulsions, syrups or elixirs, or may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may contain conventional additives such as suspending agents, for example, sorbitol syrup, methyl cellulose, glucose/sugar syrup, gelatin, hydroxyethylcellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, aluminium stearate gel or hydrogenated edible fats; emulsifying agents, for example, lecithin, sorbitan mono-oleate or acacia; non-aqueous vehicles (which may include edible oils), for example, almond oil, fractionated coconut oil, oily esters, propylene glycol or ethyl alcohol; solubilizers such as surfactants for example polysorbates or other agents such as cyclodextrins; and preservatives, for example, methyl or propyl p-hydroxybenzoates or ascorbic acid. The compositions may also be formulated as suppositories, e.g. containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

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For buccal administration the composition may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

The composition according to the invention may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit dose form in ampoules, or in multi-dose containers with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions, or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulatory agents such as suspending, stabilising and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively the active ingredient may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle, e.g. sterile, pyrogen-free water, before use.

The compositions according to the invention may contain between 0.1-99% of the active ingredient, conveniently from 30-95% for tablets and capsules and 3-50% for liquid preparations.

Compounds of formula (I) wherein R₄ is the group NR₅R₆ may be prepared by cyclisation of the compound of formula (II)

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & & & & & & & & & \\
R_1 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & & & & & \\
R_{11} & & & & & & & \\
R_{11} & & & & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & & & & \\
 & & & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & & & & & & & \\
 & & & & & & \\
\hline
 & & & & & & \\
R_{11} & & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
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 & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
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$$\begin{array}{c}
 &$$

wherein R_1 , R_2 and R_3 have the meanings defined in formula (I) R_{11} is hydrogen and R_{12} is a C_{1-3} alkyl group (e.g. methyl) in a suitable solvent such as an alkanol e.g. methanol and/or 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol, dioxan or a mixture thereof or a halohydrocarbon e.g. dichloromethane.

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The compound of formula (II) wherein R_{11} is hydrogen is conveniently prepared in-situ by treating a compound of formula (II) wherein R_{11} is an acid labile nitrogen protecting group and R_{12} is hydrogen or C_{1-3} alkyl, with an acid in a suitable solvent followed by treatment with a hydrohalic acid and methanol if R_{12} in the starting material is hydrogen, and then addition of a suitable base e.g. triethylamine or by treating a compound of formula (II) wherein R_{11} is an hydrogenolysable nitrogen protecting group and R_{12} is C_{1-3} alkyl in a suitable solvent such as methanol or 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol with hydrogen in the presence of a suitable catalyst e.g. palladium on carbon.

Examples of suitable nitrogen protecting groups R₁₁ include alkoxycarbonyl e.g. t-butyloxycarbonyl or an optionally substituted benzyloxycarbonyl group.

When R₁₂ is C₁₋₃alkyl this is conveniently ethyl or more particularly methyl.

Examples of a suitable acids include mineral acids such as hydrohalic acids e.g. hydrochloric acid or organic acids such as trifluoroacetic acid. The reaction is conveniently carried out in a solvent such as 1,4-dioxan or an alkanol e.g. methanol or a mixture thereof, or halohydrocarbon e.g. dichloromethane.

The compounds of formula (II) may be prepared by reaction of the mixed anhydride (III)

$$R_1$$
 $CO_2CO_2R_{13}$ NHR_{11}

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wherein R_1 and R_{11} have the meanings defined above and wherein R_{13} is a C_{1-6} straight or branched chain alkyl, optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl group, with the amine (IV)

$$R_{12}O_2C$$
 R_2
 R_1
 R_2
 R_3
 R_5
 R_6
 R_2
 R_2

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wherein R₂, R₃, R₅ and R₆ have the meanings defined above, and R₁₂ is hydrogen.

The reaction is preferably carried out in an aprotic solvent such as an ether e.g. tetrahydrofuran or a tertiary amide such as N, N-dimethylformamide or a mixture thereof. The compounds of formula (III) may be prepared by treating the N-protected amino acid (V)

$$R_1$$

 CH - CO_2H
 I
 NHR_{11}
 (V)

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wherein R_1 and R_{11} have the meanings defined above with the corresponding haloformate (VI; $R_{13}CO_2X$ wherein R_{13} has the meaning defined in formula (III) and X is halogen e.g. chlorine, or bromine) in the presence of a suitable tertiary organic amine e.g. N-methylmorpholine and in an aprotic solvent e.g. an ether such as tetrahydrofuran or a hydrocarbon e.g. toluene.

The amine (IV) wherein R₅ is hydrogen may be prepared treating the amino acid (VII)

$$\mathsf{R}_{12}\mathsf{O}_2\mathsf{CCH}(\mathsf{R}_2)\mathsf{NH}_2$$

(VII)

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wherein R_2 has the meanings defined above and R_{12} is hydrogen with the aldehyde (VIII; R_3 CHO wherein R_3 has the meaning defined in formula (I)) in a suitable solvent such as an alkanol e.g. methanol followed by reaction with the isonitrile (IX; R_6 N=C wherein R_6 has the meanings defined in formula I other than hydrogen). Alternatively, the compounds of formula (II) wherein R_1 , R_2 and R_3 have the meanings given in formula (I) and R_{11} is a nitrogen protecting group and R_{13} is a carboxyl protecting group may be prepared by reacting the amino acid derivative (VII) wherein R_2 has the meaning given in formula (I) and R_{12} is a carboxyl protecting group with the aldehyde (VIII) wherein R_3 has the meaning given in formula (I) in a solvent such as an alkanol e.g. methanol or 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol followed by the sequential addition of the amino acid (V) wherein R_1 has the meanings given in formula (I) and R_{11} is a carboxyl protecting group and the isonitrile (IX) wherein R_6 has the meanings given in formula (I).

Compounds of formula (II) wherein R_{12} is a C_{1-3} alkyl group may also be prepared by reacting the carboxylic acid (X) or an activated derivative thereof

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C & R_3 \\
C & CO_2H \\
NHR_{11} & R_2 \\
CO_2R_{12} & (X)
\end{array}$$

wherein R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₁₁ have the meanings defined above and R₁₂ is a C₁₋₃alkyl group, with the amine NHR₅R₆ wherein R₅ and R₆ have the meanings defined in formula (I).

Examples of a suitable activated derivative of the carboxylic acid (X) include those commonly used in peptide synthesis e.g. that derived from reaction of benzotriazol-1-yloxytri-pyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate in the presence of a suitable amine such as disopropylethylamine.

- The carboxylic acid (X) may be prepared from the corresponding compound of formula (II) wherein R_5 represents hydrogen and R_6 represents the 2-hydroxyphenyl by reaction with carbonyldimidazole or thiocarbonyldimidazole in a suitable solvent such as dichloromethane and subsequent reaction of the product thus formed with aqueous acetone.
- Compounds of formula (II) wherein R_6 represents 2-hydroxyphenyl are conveniently prepared by catalytic hydrogenolysis (e.g. Pd/H_2) of the corresponding compound wherein R_6 is a 2-benyloxyphenyl group.
- In a further aspect of the invention compounds of formula (I) as defined above may be converted into other compounds of formula (I). Thus compounds of formula (I) wherein R₄ is hydroxyl maybe prepared from a compound of formula (I) wherein R₄ is the group NR₅R₆ and R₅ is hydrogen R₆ is 2-hydroxyphenyl by reaction with carbonyldiimidazole or thiocarbonyldiimidazole in a suitable solvent such as dichloromethane and subsequent reaction of the product thus formed with aqueous acetone.

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- Compounds of formula (I) wherein R_5 is hydrogen and R_6 is 2-hydroxphenyl may be from the corresponding compound of formula (I) wherein R_6 is a 2-benyloxyphenyl group by hydrogenolysis using hydrogen and a palladium catalyst.
- Compounds of formula (I) wherein R₄ is the group NR₅R₆ may be prepared by reaction of the compound of formula (I) wherein R₄ is hydroxyl or an activated derivative thereof with the amino NHR₅R₆ wherein R₅ and R₆ have the meaning defined in formula (I) under the standard condition for preparing amides from a carboxylic acid and an amine such as NHR₅R₆.

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Thus the amides may be prepared by treating the compound of formula (I) wherein R₄ is hydroxyl with an activating agent such as BOP (benzotriazol-1-yloxy-tris(dimethylamino)phosphonium hexafluorophosphate), TBTU (2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate), BOP-Cl (bis(2-oxo-3-

- oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride) or oxalyl chloride in an aprotic solvent such as dichloromethane optionally in the presence of a tertiary amine such as triethylamine and subsequent reaction of the product thus formed with the amine NHR₅R₆.
- Alternatively compounds of formula (I) wherein R₄ is the group NR₅R₆ may be prepared by reacting a compound of formula (I) wherein R₅ is hydrogen and R₆ is 2-hydroxyphenyl with carbonyldiimidazole or thiocarbonyldiimidazole in a suitable solvent such as dichloromethane and subsequent reaction of the product thus formed with the amine NHR₅R₆.
- Compounds of formula (I) wherein R₄ is OC₁₋₄ alkyl (optionally substituted with C₁₋₄ alkylcarbonyloxy) may be prepared by reacting the corresponding carboxylic acid (R₄ is OH) or an activated derivative thereof with the appropriate alcohol (R₄OH) or alkyl halide (R₄halide) under standard conditions for preparing such esters. Suitable activated derivatives include the acid halides, mixed anhydrides, those formed with coupling reagents commonly used in peptide synthesis e.g. carbonyldiimidazole and base salts of the acid e.g. alkali meatal salts.
- Compounds of formula (IV) may be converted into other compounds of formula (IV) using standard procedures. Thus compound of formula (IV) wherein R₅ is hydrogen and R₆ is 2-benzyloxyphenyl may be converted into other compounds of formula (IV) wherein R₅ and R₆ have other meanings as defined in formula (I) using the same procedures as described above for carrying out analogous reactions on compounds of formula (1).
- Compounds of formula (I) wherein the stereochemistry of any of the substituents R₁, R₂ and R₃ is as shown in formula (1a) may be prepared starting from the corresponding single isomers of the intermediates (III), (IV) and (VII) and/or the various isomeric mixtures may be separated by conventional procedures.
- The intermediates (V), (VI), (VII), (VIII) and (IX) are either known compounds may be prepared by analogous methods to those known for preparing structurally related compounds.
- Compounds of formula group (I) wherein R₄ is OH may be prepared by cyclisation of a corresponding compound of formula (II) under the conditions described above for preparing compounds of formula (I).

Physiologically acceptable salts of a compound of formula (I) wherein R4 is OH or one of the groups R₁, R₂, R₃ or NR₄R₅ has a basic or acidic centre may be prepared by treating the said base or acid with the required physiologically acceptable acid or base and this reaction is conveniently carried out in a solvent for the said compound of formula (I). Physiologically acceptable derivatives of a compound of formula (I) may be prepared from the appropriate intermediate corresponding to formula (II) using the process described above for preparing compounds of formula (I) or directly from the compounds of formula (I) by conventional procedures for preparing such derivatives. Thus metabolically labile esters may be prepared by esterification of the free carboxyl or hydroxyl group using standard esterification techniques. 10

The following examples are illustrative, but not limiting of the embodiments of the present invention.

General purification and analytical methods 15

Analytical HPLC was conducted on a Supelcosil LCABZ+PLUS column (3.3 cm x 4.6 mm ID), eluting with 0.1% HCO₂H and 0.01 M ammonium acetate in water (solvent A), and 0.05% HCO₂H 5% water in acetonitrile (solvent B), using the following elution gradient 0-0.7 minutes 0%B, 0.7-4.2 minutes 0%-100%B, 4.2-5.3 minutes 100%B, 5.3-5.5 minutes 0%B at a flow rate of 3 ml/minute. The mass spectra (MS) were recorded on a Fisons VG Platform spectrometer using electrospray positive [(ES+ve to give MH+ and M(NH₄)⁺ molecular ions] or electrospray negative [(ES-ve to give (M-H) molecular ion] modes on a Micromass series 2 or a Waters ZQ mass spectrometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker DPX 400MHz spectrometer using tetramethylsilane as the external standard. BiotageTM chromatography refers to purification carried out using equipment sold by Dyax Corporation (either the Flash 40i or Flash 150i) and cartridges pre-packed with KPSil. Mass directed autoprep refers to methods where the material was purified by high performance liquid chromatography on a HPLCABZ+ 5µm column (5cmx10mm i.d.) with 0.1% HCO₂H in water and 95% MeCN, 5% water (0.5% HCO₂H) utilising gradient elution at a flow rate of 8ml minutes⁻¹. The Gilson 202-fraction collector was triggered by a VG Platform Mass Spectrometer on detecting the mass of interest.

Hydrophobic frits refer to filtration tubes sold by Whatman. SPE (solid phase extraction) refers to the use of cartridges sold by International Sorbent Technology Ltd. TLC (thin layer chromatography) refers to the use of TLC plates sold by Merck coated with silica gel 60 F₂₅₄. OasisTM refers to Waters[®] OasisTM HLB Extraction Cartridges, sold by Waters Corporation®.

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Method 1

Example 1

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(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide

To a solution of (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (300mg) in methanol (4ml) was added triethylamine (230 µl) and 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (177µl). The mixture was stirred for 2.5 hours before (2R)-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (481mg) and isopropylisocyanide (225µl) were sequentially added. After stirring for 16hr, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in chloroform. This solution was washed with a saturated aqueous sodium carbonate solution (x2), aqueous citric acid (0.5M, x2) and brine (x1), dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (2ml) and trifluoroacetic acid (5ml) and stirred for 3 hours at ambient temperature. After this time, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue co-evaporation with toluene (x3)

time, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue co-evaporation with toluene (x3) and cyclohexane/ ether (1:1, x2). The residue was treated with a solution of triethylamine in dioxane (2% solution, 10ml) and was left to stir overnight. After this time, the dioxane was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The solution was washed with citric acid solution (0.5M, x2), saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate

solution (x1) and brine (x1). The liquors were then dried over magnesium sulphate and *in vacuo* and were then co-evaporated with cyclohexane: ether (1:1, x2). This crude material was purified by BiotageTM (90g, silica) eluting with toluene: ethyl acetate: cyclohexane (5: 3: 2) with 5% triethylamine to give (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide

25 (149mg)

HPLC Rt = 3.42 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 480.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11 (t, 2H), 6.50 (d, 1H), 5.60 (d, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.10 (m, 1H), 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.16 (dd, 1H), 3.07 (d, 1H), 2.91 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 1H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.13 (d, 3H), 1.12 (d, 1H), 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.15 (d, 2H), 1.15 (d, 2H), 1.15 (d, 2H), 1.15 (d, 2H), 1.16 (d, 2H), 1.17 (d, 2H), 1.18 (d, 2H), 1.18 (d, 2H), 1.19 (

3H), 0.84 (d, 3H), 0.79 (d, 3H)

Similarly prepared

Example 2

35 (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide.

HPLC Rt = 3.27 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 575.

(CDCl₃) δ 7.3 (d,2H), 7.2 (m, 2H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 6.9 (d, 2H), 6.1 (d, 1H), 5.5 (s, 1H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.9 (m, 1H), 3.6 (m, 2H), 3.15 (m, 1H), 3.1 (m, 2H), 3.0 (m, 2H), 2.9 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.0 (m, 2H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 3H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.3 (s, 9H), 0.8 (d, 3H), 0.7 (d, 3H).

Example 3

 $\begin{array}{l} \underline{(2R)-2-\{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl\}-2-(2-fluoro-4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl)-N-isopropylethanamide.} \\ \underline{HPLC} \ Rt = 3.34 \ minutes; \ m/z \ [M+H]^+ = 565 \end{array}$

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (t, 1H), 7.22-7.11 (m, 4H), 7.04 (br s, 1H), 6.66 (dd, 1H), 6.56 (dd, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.19-4.08 (m, 2H), 3.98 (dd, 1H), 3.86-3.81 (4H, m), 3.21-2.91 (m, 8H), 2.80-2.73 (m, 1H), 1.96-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.51-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.19 (d, 3H), 1.16 (d, 3H), 1.06 (d, 3H), 0.92 (t, 3H).

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Method 2

Example 4

 $\underline{(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide}$

Methyl (2R)-2-{[(1R,S)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl][(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]amino}-4-methylpentanoate

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A mixture of 4-fluorobenzaldehyde (1.2g), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (1.7g), triethylamine and methanol (56ml) was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. 2-Benzyloxyphenylisocynanide (2.0g) and N-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-(D)-indanyl glycine (2.77g) were then added sequentially. After 40 hours the reaction mixture was partitioned between 2M hydrochloric acid and ethyl acetate. The separated organic layer was washed with a saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and brine, dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated *in vacuo*. The resultant crude material was purified by column chromatography (eluting with 0.5% and 0.2% methanol/ dichloromethane) to afford methyl (2R)-2-{[(1R,S)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl][(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]amino}-4-methylpentanoate (4.3g) HPLC Rt = 4.34 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 752

Methyl N-[(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]-N-{(1R,S)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-D-leucinate

A mixture of methyl (2R)-2-{[(1R,S)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl][(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]amino}-4-methylpentanoate (560mg), palladium on carbon (70mg) and ethanol (15ml) was stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 5 hours. The mixture was filtered through Celite and the filtrate was evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica) eluting with ethyl acetate: cyclohexane

(10% to 15%) to give methyl N-[(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]-N-{(1R,S)-1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-D-leucinate.

5 HPLC Rt = 4.06 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 662

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(2R)-{[(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl][(1R)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-3-methylbutyl]amino}(4-fluorophenyl)ethanoic acid.

Carbonyldiimidazole (558mg) was added to a solution of methyl N-[(2R)-2-[(tertbutoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]-N-{(1R,S)-1-(4fluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-D-leucinate (2.0g) in dichloromethane (20ml) and the resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The reaction was then concentrated to dryness, dissolved in a mixture of acetone: 15 water (60ml: 40ml) and stirred for 17 hours at room temperature. The solution was then partitioned between 2M aqueous hydrochloric acid and ethyl acetate. The separated organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and brine before being dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated in vacuo. Half of the material was taken to be used crude in further experiments. The second half was purified 20 by BiotageTM (silica, 90g) eluting with methanol: dichloromethane: ammonia (1: 98.5: 0.5 to 2.5: 86.5: 1). Evaporation of the appropriate fractions gave (2R)-{[(2R)-2-[(tertbutoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl][(1R)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-3-methylbutyl]amino}(4-fluorophenyl)ethanoic acid. (173mg). HPLC Rt = 3.91 minutes, $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 571$ 25

 $\underline{(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide}$

A solution of (2R)-{[(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl][(1R)-1-(methoxycarbonyl)-3-methylbutyl]amino}(4-fluorophenyl)ethanoic acid (73mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide (2ml) was sequentially treated with diisopropylethylamine (51µl), phosphorus^I (1-hydroxy-1H-benzotriazolato-O)tri-1-pyrrolidinyl-(T-4)-hexafluorophosphate (80mg) and then after 2 minutes, 2,2,2-trifluoroethylamine (25µl). This reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours before being partitioned between 2M aqueous hydrochloric acid and ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution and brine before being dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in 4M hydrogen chloride in dioxane and stirred for 7 hours at room temperature. The reagent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue partitioned between ethyl acetate and saturated aqueous sodium bicarbonate solution. The separated organic fraction was washed with brine before being dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated *in vacuo*. The crude material was purified by column chromatography (silica) eluting with

methanol: dichloromethane (1% to 3%) to furnish ((2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide (10mg)

HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, $m/z [M+H]^+ = 520$

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, 1H), 7.20-7.10 (m, 6H), 6.61 (t, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H), 4.08-3.96 (m, 3H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.14 (dd, 1H), 3.02 (m, 2H), 2.95-2.77 (m, 2H), 1.88-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.40 (ddd, 1H), 0.85 (d, 3H), 0.79 (d, 3H).

The following compounds were prepared in a similar manner

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Example 5

 $\underline{(2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide}$

HPLC Rt = 3.37minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 466

15 1H NMR (CDCl3); δ 7.47-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.12 (m, 6H), 6.50 (d, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 4.15 (dd, 1H), 3.98 (dd, 1H), 3.21-3.01 (m, 3H), 2.99 (s, 3H), 2.92-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.83 (m, 3H), 1.59-1.49 (m, 1H), 1.42 (dt, 1H), 0.66-0.57 (m, 1H), 0.62 (d, 3H), 0.40 (d, 3H).

Example 6

20 (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- morpholinamide

HPLC Rt = 3.32 minutes, m/z [M+H][†] = 508

1H NMR (CDCl3); δ 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.12 (m, 6H), 6.87 (d, 1H), 6.51 (s, 1H),

4.12 (dd, 1H), 4.00 (dd, 1H), 3.73-3.62 (m, 3H), 3.60-3.54 (m, 2H), 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.23

25 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.02 (m, 4H), 2.91-2.75 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.50 (m, 1H), 1.45 (dt, 1H), 0.63 (d, 3H), 0.62-0.55 (m, 1H), 0.42 (d, 3H).

The 2-fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzaldehyde used in this synthesis was prepared by the following procedure.

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2-Fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzonitrile

A solution of 2,4-difluorobenzonitrile (6.03g, 43.35mmol) and morpholine (8.3ml, 95.17mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (27ml) was stirred at room temperature for 24hr. The mixture was evaporated and the white solid purified by BiotageTM column (90g, silica) eluting with cyclohexane: ethyl acetate: (4: 1) to give 2-fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzonitrile as a white solid (5.81g, 65%).

HPLC Rt = 2.83 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 207.

2-Fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzaldehyde

To a solution of 2-fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzonitrile (2.82g, 13.7mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (27ml) under a nitrogen atmosphere was added dropwise a 1.5 M solution of DIBAL-H in toluene (18.3ml, 27.3mmol) during 13minutes and the resulting mixture

stirred for 23.5hr at room temperature. The mixture was cooled to -50 °C and the excess DIBAL-H deastoyed by careful addition of methanol (27ml). The mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 10 mins, saturated ammonium chloride (27ml) added and the resulting mixture stirred at room temperature for 40 mins., and then evaporated under reduced pressure to a yellow solid. This solid was partitioned between dichloromethane (120ml) and water (120ml) and solid potassium carbonate added until the aqueous phase was pH10. The phases were separate via a hyrophobic frit and the oraganic phase evaporated and the residue purified by a BiotageTM column (40g, silica) eluting with cyclohexane: ethyl acetate: (7:3) to give 2-fluoro-4-(morpholino)-benzaldehyde (1.96g, 68%) as a white solid.

HPLC Rt = 2.63 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 210.

Method 3

15 Example 7

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 $\underline{(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide}$

Methyl N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate

To a stirred suspension of (L)-Leucine (1.3g) in methanol (100ml) under a nitrogen atmosphere was added 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (1.42g). After stirring at ambient temperature for 3 days, the suspension was cooled to -30° C and a solution of isopropylisocyanide (0.691g) in methanol (5ml) was added. After 3 hours at -30° C the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred for a further 20 hours. The solvent was removed *in vacuo*, the residue purified using a BiotageTM column (40g, silica) eluting with cyclohexane: ethyl acetate (gradient from 8:1 to 1:1). The required fractions were combined and concentrated *in vacuo* to furnish methyl N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (1.326g). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) d 7.32 (m, 1H), 6.88 (m, 1H), 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.78 (m, 1H), 4.42 (s, 1H), 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.18 (t, 1H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.49 (t, 2H), 1.18 (d, 3H), 1.15 (d, 3H), 0.88 (d, 3H), 0.77 (d, 3H)

N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine

To a solution of methyl N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (1.32g) in methanol (15ml) was added a solution of lithium hydroxide (294mg) in water (15ml). The reaction was rapidly stirred for 1.5 hours and then evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in water and neutralised using 2N hydrochloric acid. The resulting solid was collected by filtration and dried *in vacuo*. The filtrate was applied to 4 Oasis cartridges (6g), which were eluted with water (x2) and methanol (x2). The required fractions were combined and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford

N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (1.01g). HPLC Rt = 2.51 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 343.

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.

- To a solution of (2R)-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (291mg) in dry tetrahydrofuran (5ml) under a nitrogen atmosphere at –20°C was added N-methylmorpholine (101mg) and a solution of isopropylchloroformate in toluene (1.0M, 1ml). After 10 minutes, a solution of N-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
- (isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (342mg) in N,N-dimethylformamide/
 tetrahydrofuran (5ml/ 10ml) was added and the resultant mixture was stirred at room
 temperature for 4 hours. The solvent was then removed *in vacuo* and the residue was
 treated with 4N hydrochloric acid in dioxane (2ml). After 4 hours, methanol (5ml) was
 added to the reaction mixture and this was left to stand for 18 hours. The solvent was then
 removed *in vacuo* and the residue was purified on an SPE cartridge (50g, silica) eluting
 with cyclohexane/ ethyl acetate (gradient from 4:1 to neat ethyl acetate), which furnished
 the two diastereomers as white solids (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide;
- 20 HPLC Rt = 3.47 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 498

 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.79 (d, 1H), 5.91 (d, 1H), 5.33 (s, 1H), 4.12 (m, 1H), 4.02 (m, 1H), 3.92 (dd, 1H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 1H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.17 (m, 6H), 0.88 (d, 3H), 0.82 (d, 3H)

Method 4

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(0.137g)

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Example 8

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

 $\underline{\text{Methyl N-[(1R)-2-\{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate}$

To a suspension of L-leucine (2.33g) in methanol (200ml) at -30°C under nitrogen was added a solution of 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (2.52g) in methanol (10ml) and a suspension of 2-benzyloxyphenylisonitrile (3.7g) in methanol (40ml). The reaction was stirred at -30°C for 2.5 hours and then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for a further 6 days. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was passed through a BiotageTM column (90g) eluting with cyclohexane: ethyl acetate (8:1 and 7:1) to afford after evaporation of the appropriate fractions methyl N-[(1R)-2-{[2-

(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (5.06g). HPLC Rt=4.0 minutes, m/z [M-H]⁻ = 495

Methyl N-{(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-5 leucinate

A mixture of palladium on carbon (10%, 300mg), methyl N-[(1R)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (2.88g) and ethyl acetate (30ml) was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 3 hours. The reaction was then filtered through Celite and the filter pad was washed with further portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic fractions were evaporated to give methyl N-{(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-leucinate (2.179g). HPLC Rt=3.52 min, m/z [M-H]⁻ = 405

15 Methyl N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate

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A solution of methyl N-{(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-leucinate (203mg) and 1,1'-thiocarbonyldiimidazole (100mg) in dichloromethane (5ml) was left to stand for 18 hours. Water (10□1) was added to the reaction mixture and this was then stirred rapidly for 30 minutes. After this, 1H-Benzotriazolium, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-), 3-oxide (TBTU, 321mg) and a solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (0.5ml of 2M solution) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for a further 18 hours and was then passed down an SPE (5g, silica) eluting with a gradient (8:1 to 1:2 cyclohexane: ethyl acetate). The required fractions were combined and evaporated to furnish methyl N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (100mg). HPLC Rt = 3.16 minutes m/z [M+H]⁺ = 343

N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine

To a solution of methyl N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (100mg) in methanol (3ml) was added a solution of lithium hydroxide (15.4mg) in water (1ml). After stirring vigorously for 4 hours the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (10ml) then neutralised with 2N hydrochloric acid.

This solution was applied to an OasisTM cartridge (6g) and eluted with water (x2) and methanol (x2). The required fractions were combined and evaporated to afford N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (95mg).

HPLC Rt = 2.23 minutes m/z [M+H]⁺ = 329

40 (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

To a solution of (2R)-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (84mg) in dry tetrahydrofuran (6ml) at -20° C under a nitrogen atmosphere was added N-methylmorpholine (32 \square 1) and a solution of isopropylchloroformate in toluene (1.0M, 290 \square 1). After 10 minutes, a solution of N-[1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-

- (dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (95mg) in tetrahydrofuran (10ml) was added and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 20 hours, the solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in 4N hydrochloric acid in dioxan (4ml). After 4 hours methanol (5ml) was added and the reaction was left to stand for a further 18 hours. The solvent was then removed *in vacuo* and the residue was dissolved in dioxan
- (5ml) and to this was added triethylamine (0.5ml). After 1 hour, the solvent was removed and the residue was applied to an SPE (10g, silica). The product was eluted using methanol. A second SPE was used to further purify the material (2g, silica) using an ethyl acetate: methanol gradient (20:1 to 1:1) to afford (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-
- 15 <u>dimethylethanamide</u> (38mg).

HPLC Rt=3.5 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 484 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.02-6.90 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 6.37 (m, 1H), 4.09 (m, 1H), 3.98 (dd, 1H), 3.20-3.02 (m, 3H), 2.99 (s, 3H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.74 (m, 1H), 1.55 (m, 2H), 0.70 (m, 1H), 0.67 (d, 3H), 0.41 (d, 3H)

Similarly prepared

Example 9

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(2R)-N-cyclopropyl-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.

HPLC Rt=3.41 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 496.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (dt, 1H), 7.59 (1H, d), 7.21-7.11 (m, 4H), 6.99-6.92 (m, 1H), 6.92-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.35 (d, 1H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 3.99 (dd, 1H), 3.93 (dd, 1H), 3.17-2.71 (m, 6H), 1.88-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.38 (m, 1H), 0.86 (s, 3H), 0.81-0.74 (m, 5H), 0.51-0.45 (m, 30 2H).

Example 10

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide:

 $\underline{(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide}$

A mixture of 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (1.421g), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (1.817g), triethylamine (1.391ml) and methanol (20ml) was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. N-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl-(D)-indanylglycine (2.914g) and 2-benzyloxy-phenylisocyanide (2.090g) were then added sequentially. After 24 hours the solvent was

removed under reduced pressure and the reaction mixture was taken up in dichloromethane (ca. 20ml) and purified by BiotageTM flash column chromatography (2x90g silica cartridges on a Biotage Quad 3 system eluted with 1:9 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane) to afford methyl (2R)-2-{[(1R,S)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl][(2R)-2-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-(2,3-dihydro-5 1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoyl]amino}-4-methylpentanoate (5.100g) (HPLC Rt = 4.40 minutes $m/z [M+H]^+ = 770$). This was taken up in 4M hydrogen chloride in 1,4-dioxane (20ml) and the mixture was left at room temperature for 3 hours. The solvent and hydrogen chloride were blown off using a stream of nitrogen overnight. The crude material was taken up in methanol (90ml) containing triethylamine (10ml). After 30 minutes, the 10 methanol and excess of triethylamine were removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by BiotageTM flash column chromatography (2x90g silica cartridges on a Biotage Ouad 3 system eluted with 1:2 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane) to yield (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide (3.381g). 15 HPLC Rt = 3.99 minutes, $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 638$

(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide

(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide (3.381g) was dissolved in ethyl acetate (200ml) and hydrogenated at atmospheric pressure over 10% palladium on carbon catalyst (0.980g of 10% Pd/C:water 1:1w/w) at room temperaure for five hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through Celite and the sovent was removed under reduced pressure to give the (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide as a cream-coloured foam (2.650g).

30 HPLC Rt = 3.61 minutes, m/z $[M-H^+]^-$ = 546 (no $[M+H]^+$ visible)

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(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-ethanoic acid.

(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (2.650g) was stirred in dichloromethane (20ml) and carbonyldiimidazole (1.178g) was added. the mixture was left at room temperature for 16 hours then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was then taken up in 1:1 acetone:water (v/v) (80ml) and left at room temperature for 30 minutes. The bulk of the acetone was then removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and 0.5M hydrochloric acid. The organic phase was separated (hydrophobic frit) and evaporated

under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified (BiotageTM flash chromatography column, 90g silica cartridge eluted with (i) 1:1 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane (ii) ethyl acetate (iii) ethyl acetate:methanol 9:1) to afford (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-ethanoic acid.as a colourless solid 1.524g as a mixture of epimers. HPLC Rt = 3.44 and 3.58 minutes, both m/z $[M+H^+]=457$

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

The acid (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-ethanoic acid (0.747g) prepared as described above was dried over P₄O₁₀ in vacuo for five hours to give 0.724g drier material; this was dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane:acetonitrile (1:1 v/v, 6ml) and treated with triethylamine (0.223ml) and BOP-Cl (bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride, 15 dissolved in anhydrous dichloromethane:acetonitrile (1:1 v/v, 6ml) and treated with triethylamine (0.223ml) and BOP-Cl (bis(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)phosphinic chloride, 0.450g) and the mixture was sonicated for ca. 1 min to give a gelatinous mass. After 10 minutes at room temperature a solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (10ml of 2M solution) was added to give a clear solution; this was left for 16 hours at room 20 temperature. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the mixture was partitioned beween dichloromethane and 0.1M hydrochloric acid. The organic phase was separated (hydrophobic frit) and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (12g BiotageTM silica cartridge eluted with (i) 1:1 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane (ii) ethyl acetate (iii) ethyl acetate:methanol 9:1) to give 25 the (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2.5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide as a colourless solid 0.285g. HPLC Rt = 3.43 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+ = 484$ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.47 –7.40 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.11 (m, 4H), 7.01-6.91 (m, 3H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.09 (dd, 1H), 3.98 (dd, 1H), 3.19-3.01(m, 3H), 2.99 (3, 3H), 2.92-2.75 (m, 5H), 30 1.64-1.51 (m, 2H), 0.76-0.66 (m, 4H), 0.43 (d, 3H).

Method 5

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Example 11

(2R)-[(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid

R-Indanylglycine (1.91g) was suspended in dioxane (10ml) and water (10ml). To this was added triethylamine (1.7ml) and N-(benzyloxycarbonyloxy)succinimide (2.54g) and the reaction mixture was stirred rapidly at room temperature for 2 days. The reaction mixture was poured into water (50ml) and extracted with chloroform (100ml). The organic phase was washed with 1N hydrochloric acid (50ml) and water (50ml). This was dried over magnesium sulphate and the solvent removed *in vacuo* to give (2R)-[(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (3.06g). HPLC Rt = 3.35 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 326.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.29 (m, 5H), 7.21-7.11 (m, 4H), 5.28 (d, 1H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 4.57 (m, 1H), 3.14-2.79 (m, 5H).

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(2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide

To a solution of (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (1.45g) in methanol (10ml) was 15 added triethylamine (1.12ml) and 2,4-difluorobenzaldehyde (0.875ml). The mixture was stirred for 3 days before (2R)-[(benzyloxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2yl)ethanoic acid (2.6g) and 2-benzyloxyphenylisocyanide (1.76g) were sequentially added. The reaction mixture was left to stand for 24 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was separated between ethyl acetate (200ml) and water (200ml). 20 The organic phase was washed with brine. To this solution was added palladium on carbon (2.0g) and acetic acid (10ml) and the reaction mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 2 hours. The mixture was filtered through Celite and washed with water (3x100ml), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, brine and dried over magnesium sulphate. The solvent was evaporated in vacuo. The crude product was 25 purified by column chromatography (silica) eluting with ethyl acetate: cyclohexane (50% to 66%) to give (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2.5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (2.0g). HPLC Rt = 3.59 minutes; $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 548$.

 $\underline{(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide}$

Carbonyldiimidazole (4.80g, 1.54 equiv.) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (40mL) and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (10.50g, pre-dried in vacuo over P₄O₁₀ for 24 hours) was then added with stirring and the resultant solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours. The resulting yellow solution was then treated with a 2.0M solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (54mL, 5.6 equiv.) and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The solvents plus residual dimethylamine were removed under reduced pressure and the reaction mixture was taken up in

dichloromethane (200mL) and washed with 1M hydrochloric acid (200mL). The organic phase was separated using a hydrophobic frit and was evaporated under reduced pressure to ca. 50mL. The crude product was applied to 4x90g silica BiotageTM columns on a Quad 3 system; each column being eluted with (i) 2:1v/v ethyl acetate:cyclohexane

(12x50mL fractions), (ii) ethyl acetate (12x50mL fractions), (iii) 9:1v/v ethyl acetate:methanol to give (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide (5.753g, 62%) as a colourless solid.

HPLC Rt = 3.41 minutes, $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 484$

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.48 –7.38 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.11 (m, 4H), 7.01-6.90 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 4.09 (dd, 1H), 3.98 (dd, 1H), 3.19-3.01(m, 3H), 2.99 (3, 3H), 2.92-2.75 (m, 5H), 1.64-1.51 (m, 2H), 0.76-0.66 (m, 4H), 0.43 (d, 3H).

Similarly prepared:

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5

Example 12

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methylethanamide colourless solid, 41% HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 470

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Example 13

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide colourless solid, 36% HPLC Rt = 3.3 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 456

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Example 14

(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione colourless solid, 61% HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 526

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Example 15

(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-hydroxyazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione colourless solid, 45%

35 HPLC Rt = 3.2 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 512 (azetidin-3-ol prepared by the method of S S Chatterjee and D J Triggle; J Chem. Soc. Chem. Comm. (2) 93 (1968)

Example 16

40 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-2-azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione colourless solid, 46% HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 496

Example 17

Example 18

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]ethanamide colourless solid,

10 22%

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HPLC Rt = 3.2 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 576

Example 19

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide colourless solid, 11% HPLC Rt = 3.5 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 552 (2,2,2-trifluoroethylmethylamine hydrochloride was prepared by the method of E R Bissell and M Finger; J. Org. Chem. 24 1256-1259 (1959))

20 **Example 20**

25 Example **21**

(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methoxy-N-methylethanamide HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 500

30 Example 22

(2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoic acid

Carbonyldiimidazole (1.42g, 1.6 equiv.) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (10mL)and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. (2RS)-2-(2,4-

- difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (3.00g) was then added and the resultant solution was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The resulting yellow solution was was then evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was treated with a 1:1(v/v) mixture of water and acetone (10 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2
- 40 hours, then the acetone was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was partitioned between dichloromethane and 0.1M HCl aq. The organic phase was separated using a hydrophobic frit then evaporated to low volume and purified by chromatography

on a Biotage Quad 3 system (90g silica column) eluted with 1:1(v/v) ethyl acetate:cyclohexane, then ethyl acetate, then 1:1 (v/v) ethyl acetate:methanol to give a mixture of diastereomers (2.61g). These were separated on a chiral reverse-phase column (Chiralcel OD, eluted with 15% propan-2-ol/heptane containing 0.1%TFA) to give: (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoic acid (1.60g) HPLC Rt = 3.4 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 457

Example 23

10 <u>methyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate</u>

Carbonyldiimidazole (0.324g, 1.6 equiv.) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (4mL)and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. (2RS)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-

- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (0.800g) was then added with stirring and the resultant solution was left at room temperature for 16 hours. The mixture was then treated with methanol (10mL) and left at room temperature overnight. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by preparative plate chromatography on silica (20x20cm plates x4 eluted with 1:3 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane x5) to give:methyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate (0.453g, 66%)
 - HPLC Rt = 3.42 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 471

Similarly prepared:

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Example 24

propyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate HPLC Rt = 3.71 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 499

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Example 25

1-(acetyloxy)ethyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate

(2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoic acid (example 22) (0.130g) was stirred in anhydrous DMF

(1mL) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (0.020g, 0.5 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour then cooled to -10°C (ice-salt bath). The heterogeneous mixture was treated with 1-bromoethyl acetate (0.120mL, excess) and stirred for 3.5 hours keeping the bath temperature between -10 and -5°C. It was then partitioned between DCM and 1M HCl aq. (20 mL each). The organic phase was separated (hydrophobic frit) and evaporated under reduced pressure to give a purple gum; this was purified by SPE cartridge (5g, silica eluted with (i) cyclohexane x2, (ii) DCM x2,

(iii) diethl ether x2, (iv) ethyl acetate x2, (v) methanol x2 to give $\frac{1-(acetyloxy)ethyl}{(2R)-(2A-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2A-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2A-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate (0.081g) as a yellow foam. HPLC Rt = 3.5 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 543$

Similarly prepared:

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In the table below, Examples 26, 54-55, 66-104, 107-117, 124-131 were prepared via method 1. The t-butyl ester Example 39 was prepared via perchloric acid-catalysed transesterification of the corresponding acid (Example 22) with t-butyl acetate by the procedure of T Kolasa and M J Miller; Journal of Organic Chemistry (1990), 55(6), 1711-21. Other Examples in the table below were prepared via method 5.

Eg	Regno	Mwt	Rt	+ve	-ve	name
No.			/min	ion	ion	
26		511.6	3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-
						difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
	CH,					(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	HN Hyc CHy					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	н,с сн,					yl]ethanamide
27		537.5	3.4	538	536	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	HN HN HN H					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2,2,2-
	н,с сн,					trifluoroethyl)ethanamide
28		543.6	3.2	544	542	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
	g CH,					[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH ₃		ļ		!	inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	HN Ö		:			dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2,2-
	н,с сн,					dimethoxyethyl)ethanamide
29		513.6	3.3	513	511	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	The second secon					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	ни		ļ			dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-
	н,с сн,					methoxyethyl)ethanamide
30		527.6	3.4	528	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH,					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	HN					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-
	ö н,с сн,					methoxyethyl)-N-
						methylethanamide

	F					10-11-0
31	0 CH3	571.7	3.3	572	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH ₃			ļ		inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-bis(2-
	н,с сн,					methoxyethyl)ethanamide
32		528.6	2.7	529	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-N-
	o CH.					[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-2-
	CH,			i		[(2R,5R)-2-isobutyl-3,6-dioxo-
	HN CH,					5-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-
	о н _{ус} сн,					yl]-N-methylethanamide
33		654.7	2.7	541	539	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH,					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	ні в ви					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-[2-
	н,с сн,					(dimethylamino)ethyl]-N-
	¦ он				!	methylethanamide
1						trifluoroacetate
34	F	511.6	3.6	512	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
74		311.0	3.0	312	Hone	[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH, CH,					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	N CH3				Ì	dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
				İ		isopropyl-N-methylethanamide
25	H ₃ C CH ₃	471.6	3.2	472	470	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
35		4/1.0	3.2	4/2	470	[(2R,5R)-2-isobutyl-3,6-dioxo-
	P GH					
	N CH,					5-(2-phenylethyl)piperazin-1-
	HN					yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide
	Н ₁ С СН,					
36	[497.6	3.5	498	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-4-methyl-
					į.	2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-
	H,c^N \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					dimethylethanamide
	й н,с сн,	ļ				•
37		554.7	2.7	555	none	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-
	F					{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	SH ₃					inden-2-yl)-4-[2-
	CH,					(dimethylamino)ethyl]-6-
	H.G.					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	H ₃ C CH ₃					yl}-N,N-dimethylethanamide

39	F CH ₃ OO OH	527.6	3.3	513	526	[{(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1- yl]ethanoyl}(methyl)amino]aceti c acid tert-butyl (2R)-(2,4- difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-
	H ₁ C CH ₁					dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1- yl]ethanoate
40	F F F GH ₃ GH ₃ GH ₃ GH ₃ GH ₃ GH ₃	583.7	3.6	584	none	tert-butyl [{(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoyl}(methyl)amino]acet ate
41	F NO CH ₃	525.6	3.3	526	524	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-methoxyazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
42	HN H,C CH ₃	509.6	3.5	510	none	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-2-pyrrolidin-1-ylethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
43	T NH NH CH S	561.1	2.7	525	none	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-2-piperazin-1-ylethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dionehydrochloride
43a	F CH ₃ N ₃ C CH ₃ F CH ₄	652.7	2.7	539	1	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dionetrifluoroacetate

44	F. T.	602.7	3.3	603	601	(3R,6R)-1-{(1R)-1-(2,4-
44	F Q CH ₃	002.7	ا د.د	003	001	difluorophenyl)-2-[4-
						(methylsulfonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-
		j		:		2-oxoethyl}-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	Н,с ∕сн,					inden-2-yl)-6-
						isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
45	[525.6	3.2	526	524	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-
43		323.0	5.2	520	<i>0</i> _ .	difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-
						yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-
	HN CH ₃ O					1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-
	∥ Н Ссн,					methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-
						dione
46		525.6	3.2	526	524	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-
						difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-
						yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-
	HN CH ₃ O					1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-
	н сн _э	i				methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-
						dione
47		541.7	3.6	542	540	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-
						difluorophenyl)-2-oxo-2-
				:		thiomorpholin-4-ylethyl]-3-(2,3-
	HN HN					dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	н,с сн,					isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
48		573.7	3.3	574	572	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-
						difluorophenyl)-2-(1,1-
						dioxidothiomorpholin-4-yl)-2-
	HN				!	oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	Н₃с Сн,					inden-2-yl)-6-
				<u> </u>		isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
49		557.7	3.1	558	556	(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-
	8 500					difluorophenyl)-2-(1-
						oxidothiomorpholin-4-yl)-2-
	HN					oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	й _н ,с сн,					inden-2-yl)-6-
	F					isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
50		560.6	3	561	none	
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-
	н,сг тон,					N-(pyridin-4-
	<u> </u>		L			ylmethyl)ethanamide

	F			606	604	(OD) 0 (0 4 1:Granus hours) 2
51	F C CH ₃	605.7	3.5	606	604	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(3,4- dimethoxybenzyl)ethanamide
52	F CH ₃	605.7	3.5	606	604	(2S)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(3,4- dimethoxybenzyl)ethanamide
53	F HN S S N CH ₃	538.6	3.4	539	537	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(1,3- thiazol-2-yl)ethanamide
54	P CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₅ CH ₆ CH ₇	511.6	3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl} ethanamide
55	HIN CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₅	511.6	3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl} ethanamide
56	NH ₂	437.5	3.3	438	436	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethanamide
57	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	481.6	3	482	480	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)ethanamide
58	CH ₃ COM	509.6	3.4	510	508	[[(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-

				γ		
						fluorophenyl)ethanoyl](methyl)a
	E					mino]acetic acid
59	. 📩	509.6	3.4	510	508	methyl {[(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
						(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
						isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
				ļ		yl]-2-(4-
	н,с- тсн,					fluorophenyl)ethanoyl]amino}ac
						etate
60		564.7	2.6	565	563	(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH,					inden-2-yl)-1-{(1R)-1-(4-
	HN					fluorophenyl)-2-[4-(2-
į	И сн,					methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-2-
						oxoethyl}-6-isobutylpiperazine-
	_					2,5-dione
61		534.7	2.6	535	533	(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	N-CH,					inden-2-yl)-1-[(1R)-1-(4-
			İ			fluorophenyl)-2-(4-methyl-1,4-
	HÑ Ö					diazepan-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-6-
	н,с сн,					isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
62	Сн.	548.7	2.6	549	547	(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-1-[(1R)-2-[4-
						(dimethylamino)piperidin-1-yl]-
	TIN TO THE STATE OF THE STATE O					1-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-
	н,с сн,					6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
63		550.7	2.7	551	549	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-
						fluorophenyl)-N-(2-morpholin-
i i	H ₅ G CH ₅					4-ylethyl)ethanamide
64		548.7	2.8	549	547	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-
						fluorophenyl)-N-(2-piperidin-1-
	H ₃ C° CH ₃					ylethyl)ethanamide
65		619.7	3.9	620	618	(2R)-N-[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-
						2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-
	й н _э с сн,					fluorophenyl)ethanamide

Similarly prepared:

Eg	Regno	Mwt	Rt	+ve	-ve	name
No.			/min	ion	ion	
66	F P CH ₃	529.6	3.8	530	528	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethanamide
67	BH O Hy	475.6	3.6	476	474	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(4-methylphenyl)ethanamide
68	HN H ₂ C CH ₃	510.1	3.8	510	508	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
69	CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₅ CH ₅ CH ₅	505.7	3.5	506	504	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanamide
70	HN H ₂ C CH ₃	559.7	3.8	560	558	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]ethana mide
71	HN CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	490.6	3.4	491	489	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[4-(methylamino)phenyl]ethanamide

72	H ₃ C CH ₉	504.7	3.6	505	503	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-isopropylethanamide
73	HN CH ₃	530.7	3.7	553(M +Na)	529	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylphenyl)ethanamide
74	H ₁ C CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	532.7	3.7	533	531	(2R)-2-[4- (diethylamino)phenyl]-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N- isopropylethanamide
75	O NH ₃ O H ₃ O H ₄ O H ₅ O H ₇	504.6	3.1	505	503	4-[(1R)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]benzamide
76	HN CH ₃ HN CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	518.6	3.0	519	517	(2R)-2-[4-(acetylamino)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide
77	H _C CH ₃	532.7	3.2	533	531	(2R)-2-[3-(acetylamino)phenyl]-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
78	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₄	539.7	3.3	540	538	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl]ethanamide

	0.			T	501	4 ((1D) 0 (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1
79	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	532.7	3.3	533	531	4-{(1R)-2-(tert-butylamino)-1- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2- oxoethyl}-N-methylbenzamide
80	CH ₉ CH ₉ CH ₉ CH ₉ CH ₉	568.7	3.4	569	567	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}-2-{4-[(methylamino)sulfonyl]phenyl} ethanamide
81	CH ₃	533.7	3.6	532	534	methyl 4-{(1R)-2-(tert-butylamino)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl}benzoate
82	HN CH3	541.8	3.3	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
83	HN CH ₃ H ₁ CH ₃ CH ₃	542.8	3.3	543	541	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
84	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	542.8	3.2	543	541	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
85	HN CH ₃	541.7	3.5	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[3-(1H-pyrazol-3-yl)phenyl]ethanamide

		541.0	2.2	540	E 40	(2D) N. (test boots 1) 2 [(2D 6D)
86		541.8	3.3	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	H ₁ C CH ₃		•			yl]-2-[4-(1H-pyrazol-3- yl)phenyl]ethanamide
87	OH OH	519.4	3.4	520	518	3-{(1R)-2-(tert-butylamino)-1- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	H ₁ C CH ₃					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2- oxoethyl}phenylboronic acid
88	NH	541.7	3.0	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	H ₃ C CH ₃					yl]-2-[4-(1H-imidazol-2- yl)phenyl]ethanamide
89		541.7	3.1	542.0	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HI,G CH ₃					yl]-2-[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
90		541.7	3.0	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN H ₂ G CH ₃					yl]-2-[4-(1H-imidazol-1- yl)phenyl]ethanamide
91		560.8	3.4	561	559	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN H ₃ G CH ₃					yl]-2-(4-morpholin-4- ylphenyl)ethanamide
92	H ₂ C CH ₃	541.7	3.3	542	540	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN H,G CH ₃					yl]-2-[4-(1H-pyrazol-4-yl)phenyl]ethanamide

93	H ₃ C CH ₃ H ₃ C CH ₃ H ₃ C CH ₃	599.8	3.9	600	598	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[4-(2-tert-butyl-2H-tetraazol-5-yl)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
94	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₅ CH ₅ CH ₆ CH ₇ CH ₇ CH ₇ CH ₇ CH ₇ CH ₈ CH ₈ CH ₈ CH ₈ CH ₉	562.7	2.9	563	none	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-{4-[2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy]phenyl} ethanamide trifluoroacetate
95	OH N CH ₃ H ₁ CCH ₃	560.8	3.0	561	559	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)phenyl]-N-isopropylethanamide
96	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	616.9	3.5	617	none	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-8-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
97	CH ₃ N N N H ₃ C CH ₃	573.8	2.9	574	none	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide
98	H ₃ C CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	654.0	4.1	654	652	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[4-(3,5-ditert-butyl-1H-pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide

99	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	581.7	4.0	582	580	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4'-methoxy-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethanamide
100	HN H3C CH3	569.8	3.9	none	568	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethanamide
101	H ₃ C CH ₃ H ₃ C CH ₃ H ₃ C CH ₃	614.8	4.3	615	613	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[4-(4-tert-butyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
102	CH ₃ CH ₃ H ₁ C CH ₃	658.9	3.6	659	657	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-{4'-[(ethylamino)sulfonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}ethanamide
103	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	552.8	3.6	553	551	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-pyridin-2-ylphenyl)ethanamide

104		552.8	3.3	553	551	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
		•				3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)- 6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
		ļ				yl]-2-(4-pyridin-3-
	CH,					ylphenyl)ethanamide
	HN N	:		İ		
105	H ₂ C CH ₃	522.7	2.4	523	none	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
	сн,	:				1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-{4-
	CH.					[(dimethylamino)methyl]-2-
	CH ₃					fluorophenyl}-N,N-
Ė	H,C CH,					dimethylethanamide
106	OH OH	495.6	2.9	496	none	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	CH.					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[2-
	N CH,					fluoro-4-
	HÑ Ö					(hydroxymethyl)phenyl]-N,N-
	о н,с сн,					dimethylethanamide
107	F		3.4	498	496	(2R)-2-(2,5-difluorophenyl)-2-
			t			[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	HN. SH,	i		,		inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
				:		dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	н,о^ сн,					isopropylethanamide
108			3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(3,4-
				}		difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
	CH,					(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	HN H ₃ C CH,					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	н,с сн,					yl]ethanamide
109		1	3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(3,5-
						difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
	HN H ₁ C CH ₃					(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	N.C.					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	nyo ong					yl]ethanamide
110			3.6	512	510	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,3-
						difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
	HN T HyG CH3					(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
						isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	n ₃ o on ₃			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	yl]ethanamide

	Ę.	——г				(07) 37 (1 1 1 1) 0 F(2P (P)
111	F		3.7	530	528	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
			İ			3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-
						6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN HyG GAS	l				yl]-2-(2,4,5-
	й н,с сн,					trifluorophenyl)ethanamide
112			3.7	530	528	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
						3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-
		İ	i			6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN H ₂ C CH ₃					yl]-2-(2,3,4-
	н,о сн,					trifluorophenyl)ethanamide
113			3.6	530	528	(2S)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
						3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-
	CH,		ļ			6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN CH ₃			_		y1]-2-(2,4,6-
	н _с сн.					trifluorophenyl)ethanamide
114	CH ₃		3.8	526	524	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,3-
		· ·				difluoro-4-methylphenyl)-2-
	CH,					[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	H ₂ /CH ₃					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	н _э с сн,					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
115	Ol pr		3.8	528	526	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(4-chloro-
						3-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-
	CH ₃					(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	HN HIG CH,					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	н,о сн,					yl]ethanamide
116	, C		3.7	530	528	(2R)-2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-2-
						{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
					į	inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-
	HN CH,					methylpropyl]-2,5-
	П Н Н,с СН,			1		dioxopiperazin-1-yl}-N-
				ŀ		isopropylethanamide
117	r		3.7	580	578	(2R)-2-[3-chloro-4-
11/	F					(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl]-2-
						[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	L CH.					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
ļ	HN J GH ₃					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
						isopropylethanamide
	H ₃ C CH ₃		L	.1		1

	НО					
118	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₄		3.0	482	480	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(3-fluoro-4-hydroxyphenyl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
119	F HNI H ₂ CH ₃		3.3	496	494	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isopropyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)-N-isopropylethanamide
120	H ₃ C CH ₃	-	3.6	524	522	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl)ethanamide
121	CH ₃ H,C CH ₃		3.1	540	538	{4-[(1R)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-2-fluorophenoxy}acetic acid
122	CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₄ CH ₄ CH ₄		3.6	596	594	tert-butyl {4-[(1R)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-2-fluorophenoxy}acetate
123	F CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃		3.3	553	none	4-[(1R)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-2-fluorophenyl dimethylcarbamate
124	H ₂ C CH ₃		3.5	none	552	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-4,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamide

125	O CH ₃ O CH ₃ O CH ₃ O CH ₃ O CH ₃	3.7	524	522	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)ethanamide
126	Pr CH ₃ H ₁ C CH ₃	3.8	none	570/5 72	(2R)-2-(4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
127	H ₁ G OH ₃ H ₂ G OH ₃ H ₃ G OH ₃	3.5	523	521	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(dimethylamino)-3-fluorophenyl]-N-isopropylethanamide
128	CI CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₃	3.7	540	538	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(3-chloro-4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
129	H _N CH ₃	3.3	565	563	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(3-fluoro-4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl)-N-isopropylethanamide
130	OH F HN CH H ₃ C CH ₃	3.2	579	577	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[2-fluoro-4-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)phenyl]-N-isopropylethanamide
131	HN CH ₃ F CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	3.3	587	585	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-{2-fluoro-4-[(methylsulfonyl)amino]phenyl} ethanamide

Hydroxylated metabolites of (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide were prepared as follows:

2 litres of growing cell cultures of *Streptomyces rimosus* BS33 was used to biotransform GW796679x. 500mg of GW796679X was added after 3 days growth and the broth harvested after another 5 days incubation. At harvest, 2 litres of methanol was added, then the cells removed by centrifugation. Methanol was removed from the supernatant by evaporation. The compounds were then extracted with ethyl acetate, evaporated to dryness, and purified by preparative HPLC to give examples 132,133,134 and 135.

132	HO HO CH ₃	485.5	2.9	486	484	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- {(3R,6R)-3-[(2S)-5-hydroxy- 2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl]-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1- yl}-N-methylethanamide
133	CH CH ₃	485.5	2.9	486	484	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- {(3R,6R)-3-[(2R)-1-hydroxy- 2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl]-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1- yl}-N-methylethanamide
134	PH CH ₃	485.5	2.9	486	484	(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- {(3R,6R)-3-[(2R)-1-hydroxy- 2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl]-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1- yl}-N-methylethanamide
135	HN CH	485.5	3.1	486		(2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H- inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N- (hydroxymethyl)ethanamide

Example 136

(2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.

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Benzofuran-5-carboxaldehyde (215 mg, 1.47 mmol) and D-leucine t-butyl ester hydrochloride (329 mg, 1.47 mmol) were dissolved in methanol (1.5ml) and triethylamine (0.205 ml, 1.47 mmol) added. The mixture, a pale yellow solution, was left to stand at room temperature overnight (23.5 hours). Then Boc-D-indanylglycine (429 mg, 1.47 mmol) was added followed by isopropylisonitrile (0.138 ml, 1.51 mmol). The 5 mixture, a yellow solution, was left to stand at room temperature overnight (23.5 hours) before the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure to leave a yellow gum. The gum was dissolved in 4M hydrogen chloride in dioxan (3 ml, 12 mmol) and left to stand at room temperature for 7.5 hours before it was evaporated under reduced pressure to leave an orange / brown gum. The gum was dissolved in methanol (2 ml) and 4M 10 hydrogen chloride in dioxan (1 ml, 4 mmol) added. The mixture was left to stand at room temperature for 5.5 hours before the solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (4ml) and triethylamine (0.5 ml, excess) added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight (18.3 hours) before the solvent was removed by evaporation under reduced pressure. The residue was loaded 15 in dichloromethane onto a SPE column (10g silica, Mega Bond Elut cartridge, pre-eluted with cyclohexane). The column was eluted stepwise (40 - 45 ml each step) with 100% chloroform, 3:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 1:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 1:3 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 100% diethyl ether, 1:1 cyclohexane: ethyl acetate, 1:2 cyclohexane: ethyl acetate and 100% ethyl acetate. The 1:3 cyclohexane: diethyl ether 20 to 1:2 cyclohexane: ethyl acetate fractions inclusive were combined to give a pale yellow solid (336 mg). The solid was loaded in dichloromethane onto 6 preparative chromatography plates (silica gel 60 plates, 20 × 20 cm²). The plates were eluted four times with 30:1 dichloromethane: isopropanol. The required band was extracted with 9: 1 ethyl acetate: methanol to give (2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-25 1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide as a white solid (141mg, 0.28 mmol) HPLC Rt = 3.46 minutes; $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 502$. ¹H NMR δ 7.95 (d, 1H), 7.73 (d, 1H), 7.68 (d, 1H), 7.53 (d, 1H), 7.37 (dd, 1H), 7.16 (m, 4H), 6.79 (d, 1H), 5.79 (d, 1H), 5.37 (s, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 4.03 (br dd, 1H), 3.99 (dd, 30 1H), 3.16-2.97 (m, 3H), 2.95-2.78 (m, 2H), 1.79(m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.09 (t, 6H), 0.78 (d, 3H), 0.67 (d, 3H).

Similarly prepared

Example 137

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 $\begin{array}{l} (\underline{2R})\text{-}2\text{-}(\underline{1,2,3}\text{-}benzothiadiazol-6-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-}[(\underline{3R,6R})\text{-}3\text{-}(\underline{2,3}\text{-}dihydro-1H-inden-}\\ \underline{2\text{-}yl)\text{-}6\text{-}isobutyl-2,5\text{-}dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide}. \\ HPLC Rt = 3.50 \text{ minutes; } m/z \text{ } [\text{M+H}]^+ = 534. \end{array}$

¹H NMR δ 8.66 (d, 1H), 7.82 (d, 1H), 7.67 (dd, 1H), 7.20 (m, 4H), 6.72 (br d, 1H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 4.06 (br dd, 1H), 4.00 (dd, 1H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.92

(m, 1H), 2.81 (m, 1H), 1.86(m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.36 (s, 9H), 0.85 (d, 3H), 0.78 (d, 3H).

Example 138

(2R)-2-(2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 HPLC Rt = 3.34 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 504.
 ¹H NMR δ 7.81 (br s, 1H), 7.18 (m, 5H), 6.79 (d, 1H), 6.44 (br d, 1H), 5.50 (d, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 4.61 (t, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.96 (m, 2H), 3.22 (t, 2H), 3.15 (m, 1H), 3.07 (d, 2H),
 2.90 (m, 1H), 2.79 (dd, 1H), 1.82(m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.12 (dd, 6H), 0.83

Example 139

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(d, 3H), 0.77 (d, 3H).

(2R)-2-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.

HPLC Rt = 3.48; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 520

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, 1H), 6.88 (dd, 1H), 6.82 (d, 1H), 6.58 (m, 1H), 6.06 (m, 2H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 5.02 (m, 1H), 3.95 (m, 2H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.07 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 9H), 0.83 (d, 3H), 0.79 (d, 3H)

Example 140

(2R)-2-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

Methyl N-[(1R)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate

To a suspension of L-leucine (2.62g) in methanol (250ml) at -30°C under nitrogen was added a solution of benzofuran-5-carbaldehyde (2.92g) in methanol (15ml) and a suspension of 2-benzyloxyphenylisonitrile (4.19g) in methanol (15ml). The reaction was stirred at -30°C for 2 hours and then allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for a further 3 days. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was passed through a BiotageTM column (3x90g) eluting with cyclohexane: ethyl acetate (5:1) to afford after evaporation of the appropriate fractions methyl N-[(1R)-2-{[2(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (5.11g).

HPLC Rt=3.97 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 499

Methyl N-{(1R)-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-leucinate

A mixture of palladium on carbon (10%, 500mg), methyl N-[(1R)-2-{[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]amino}-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (5.1g) and ethyl acetate (60ml) was stirred under a hydrogen atmosphere for 5 hours. The reaction was then filtered through Celite and the filter pad was washed with further portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic fractions were evaporated to give methyl N-{(1R)-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-leucinate (3.429g). HPLC Rt=3.49 min, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 411

Methyl N-[1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate

A solution of methyl N-{(1R)-1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(2-hydroxyphenyl)amino]-2-oxoethyl}-L-leucinate (410mg) and 1,1'-thiocarbonyldiimidazole (196mg) in dichloromethane (5ml) was left to stand for 18 hours. Water (20□l) was added to the reaction mixture and this was then stirred rapidly for 30 minutes. After this, 1H-Benzotriazolium, 1-[bis(dimethylamino)methylene]-, tetrafluoroborate(1-), 3-oxide (TBTU, 710mg) and a solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (3ml of 2M solution)

were added. The reaction mixture was stirred for a further 18 hours and was then passed down an SPE (5g, silica) eluting with a gradient (3:1 to 1:2 cyclohexane: ethyl acetate). The required fractions were combined and evaporated to furnish methyl N-[1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucinate (140mg).

25 HPLC Rt = $2.70 \text{ minutes m/z [M+H]}^+ = 347$

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N-[1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine

To a solution of methyl N-[1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L30 leucinate (520mg) in methanol (5ml) was added a solution of lithium hydroxide (91mg) in water (3ml). After stirring vigorously for 24 hours the solvent was removed *in vacuo*. The residue was diluted with water (10ml) then neutralised with 2N hydrochloric acid. This solution was applied to an OasisTM cartridge (2x6g) and eluted with water (x2) and methanol (x2). The required fractions were combined and evaporated to afford N-[135 (benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (478mg). HPLC Rt = 2.27 minutes m/z [M+H]⁺ = 333

(2R)-2-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

To a solution of (2R)-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (419mg) in dry tetrahydrofuran (5ml) at -20°C under a nitrogen atmosphere was

added N-methylmorpholine (158µl) and a solution of isopropylchloroformate in toluene (1.0M, 1.44ml). After 10 minutes, a solution of N-[1-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-(dimethylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-L-leucine (478mg) in dimethylformamide (5ml) was added and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature. After 20 hours, the solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was dissolved in 4N hydrochloric acid in dioxan (4ml). After 4 hours methanol (13ml) was added and the reaction was left to stand for a further 18 hours. The solvent was then removed in vacuo and the residue was separated between dichloromethane and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution. The organic phase was evaporated in vacuo and the residue was applied to an SPE (10g, silica). The product was eluted using an ethyl acetate: methanol gradient (3:1 to 1:3) to afford (2R)-2-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide (51mg). HPLC Rt=3.36 minutes, m/z $[M+H]^+ = 488$ ¹H NMR (D₆-DMSO) δ 8.47 (d, 1H), 8.07 (d, 1H), 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.69 (d, 1H), 7.38 (dd, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.03 (m, 1H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.69 (dd, 1H), 3.07-2.67 (m, 5H), 2.87 (s, 3H), 2.77 (s, 3H), 1.40-1.70 (m, 2H), 0.46 (m, 1H), 0.42 (d, 3H), 0.02 (d, 3H)

Example 141

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20 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide

(2RS)-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide

A mixture of 2-methyl-5-formylbenzofuran (1.26g), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (1.57g), triethylamine (1.2ml) and methanol (20ml) was stirred at room temperature for 6 hours and then left to stand for 19 hours. N-benzylcarbonyl-(D)indanylglycine (2.80g) and 2-benzyloxy-phenylisocyanide (1.89g) were then added sequentially and the mixture stirred for 2 days. The reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and diluted with ethyl acetate. This was washed with 1N hydrochloric acid, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine. The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (100ml) and acetic acid (10ml) and hydrogenated at atmospheric pressure over 10% palladium on activated carbon (1.5g). After 4 hours the catalyst was removed by filtration through a pad of celite and washed with dichloromethane/methanol (500ml of 1:1 v/v). The filtrate and washings were combined, evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was separated between ethyl acetate and water. The organic phase was washed with water, saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and brine. The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was applied to a silica cartridge (100g) and eluted with cyclohexane/ethyl acetate (500ml of 3:1, 2:1, 1:1 v/v) and ethyl acetate (500ml). The required fractions were combined and evaporated

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in vacuo to give (2RS)-2-(2-methylbenzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (1.58g). HPLC Rt = 3.60 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 566.

5 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide

Carbonyldiimidazole (92mg, 1.6 equiv.) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (5mL) and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. (2RS)-2-(2-mrthylbenzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (200mg) was then added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. The resulting brown solution was then treated with a 2.0M solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (1.06mL, 6 equiv.) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then left to stand at room

- temperature for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (2mL) and washed with 1M hydrochloric acid (2mL). The organic phase was separated using a hydrophobic frit and was evaporated under reduced pressure to leave a brown gum. The crude product was applied to a silica cartridge (10g). This was eluted with cyclohexane (100ml), cyclohexane/ethyl acetate (100ml of 2:1, 3:2, 1:1, 2:3 and 1:2 v/v), ethyl acetate
- 20 (200ml) and ethyl acetate/methanol (100ml of 19:1 v/v). The required fractions were combined and evaporated *in vacuo* to give (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide as an off-white solid (88mg).

 HPLC Rt = 3.40 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 502.
- ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (d, 1H), 7.43 (d, 1H), 7.27-7.13 (m, 5H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 6.38 (m, 1H), 6.31 (d, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.99 (dd, 1H), 3.22-3.05 (m, 3H), 2.99 (s, 3H), 2.86 (m, 1H), 2.82 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.48 (m, 3H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.36 (m, 1H), 0.57 (m, 1H), 0.51 (d, 3H), 0.19 (d, 3H).
- 30 Similarly prepared: -

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Example 142

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(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- N-isopropyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide

35 HPLC Rt = 3.40 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 516. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.28-7.11 (m, 5H), 6.61 (m, 1H), 6.37 (m, 1H), 5.49 (d, 1H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 4.02-3.93 (m, 2H), 3.19-3.05 (m, 3H), 2.92 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.48 (m, 3H), 1.79 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.10 (m, 6H), 0.78 (d, 3H), 0.69 (d, 3H).

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Example 143

(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazin-2,5-dione HPLC Rt = 3.38 minutes; m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 544.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (d, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.26-7.14 (m, 5H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.39 (m, 1H), 6.34 (m, 1H), 4.20 (m, 1H), 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.73-3.33 (6H), 3.22-3.03 (m, 5H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.49 (m, 3H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.37 (m, 1H), 0.54 (m, 1H), 0.51 (d, 3H), 0.20 (d, 3H).

10 **Example 144**

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(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide HPLC Rt = 3.39 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 505. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (d, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H), 7.32 (dd, 1H), 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 6.23 (d, 1H), 5.89 (d, 1H), 4.22 (m, 1H), 3.99 (dd, 1H), 3.21-3.04 (m, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.84 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 0.58-0.49 (m, 4H), 0.22 (d, 3H).

5-Bromo-2-fluoro-1-benzofuran

5-Bromobenzofuran-2-carboxylic acid (4.68g) was suspended in carbon tetrachloride (150ml) and water (50ml). To this was added sodium bicarbonate (3.36g), followed by Selectflor (7.1g) and the reaction mixture was stirred rapidly for 20 hours. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane and 2N sodium hydroxide solution. The organic phase was separated, washed with brine and dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure at room temperature. The residue was applied to a silica cartridge (20g) and eluted with diethyl ether. This gave 5-bromo-2-fluoro-1-benzofuran (1.4g).

1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, 1H), 7.36 (dd, 1H), 7.26 (d, 1H), 5.84 (dd, 1H).

30 2-Fluoro-5-formyl-1-benzofuran

A slurry of magnesium powder (219mg) and iodine (cat) in dry tetrahydrofuran (3ml) was heated at 50°C under nitrogen for 20 minutes. 5-Bromo-2-fluoro-1-benzofuran (1.4g) was dissolved in dry tetrahydrofuran (6ml). A 1ml portion of the solution was added to the slurry at 50°C without stirring. After 30 minutes the rest of the solution was added slowly and the reaction was heated at reflux for 3 hours. The reaction was cooled in an ice/water bath and dimethylformamide (1ml) was added dropwise maintaining the temperature below 10°C. After 1 hour a mixture of 2N hydrochloric acid (12.5ml) and brine (12.5ml) was added. The reaction mixture was extracted using ethyl acetate (3x25ml). The combined organics were washed with brine and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulphate. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue applied to a silica cartridge (50g). This was eluted with cyclohexane, cyclohexane/ethyl acetate (6:1, 5:1 v/v). This gave 2-fluoro-5-formyl-1-benzofuran (376mg).

 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.83 (dd, 1H), 7.54 (d, 1H), 6.01 (dd, 1H).

Example 145

5 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N-isopropylethanamide HPLC Rt = 3.42 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 520. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, 1H), 7.42 (d, 1H), 7.31 (dd, 1H), 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, 1H), 5.89 (d, 1H), 5.57 (d, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 4.11 (m, 1H), 3.98 (m, 2H), 3.16 10 (m, 1H), 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.91 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.12 (d, 3H), 1.10 (d, 3H), 0.81 (d, 3H), 0.72 (d, 3H).

Example 146

(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-1-[(1R)-1-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-

15 morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
HPLC Rt = 3.35 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 548.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (d, 1H), 7.47 (d, 1H), 7.31 (dd, 1H), 7.27-7.14 (m, 4H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 6.38 (d, 1H), 5.91 (d, 1H), 4.19 (m, 1H), 4.00 (dd, 1H), 3.73-3.50 (m, 5H), 3.39 (m, 1H), 3.23-3.04 (m, 5H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.40 (m, 1H), 0.53 (d, 3H), 0.51 (m, 1H), 0.24 (d, 3H).

Example 147

25 HPLC Rt = 3.38 minutes; m/z $[M+H]^+$ = 487. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 9.03 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, 1H), 7.49 (d, 1H), 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.55 (m, 1H), 4.29 (m, 1H), 4.00 (dd, 1H), 3.22-3.03 (m, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.92-2.73 (m, 5H), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.33 (m, 1H), 0.57 (m, 1H), 0.45 (d, 3H), 0.06 (d, 3H).

Example 148

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¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 9.62 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H), 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.10 (m, 6H), 6.51 (m, 1H), 6.48 (s, 1H), 4.18 (m, 1H), 4.05-3.90 (m, 2H), 3.68-3.50 (m, 2H), 3.28-3.01 (m, 4H), 2.96-2.69 (m, 8H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 0.65 (m, 1H), 0.47 (d, 3H), -0.10 (d, 3H).

40 **Example 149**

(2R)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl) -2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

(2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide

- A mixture of 5-formylbenzothiophene (2.0g), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride 5 (2.24g), triethylamine (1.72ml) and methanol (20ml) was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-(D)-indanylglycine (3.59g) and 2-benzyloxyphenylisocyanide (2.58g) were then added sequentially and the mixture stirred for 4 days. Then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was taken up in dichloromethane (20ml) and 4M hydrogen chloride in 1,4-dioxane (20ml) and the 10 mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent and hydrogen chloride were evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude material was dissolved in dichloromethane (30ml) and triethylamine (10ml) added. The mixture was stirred for 18 hours before the dichloromethane and excess of triethylamine were removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was dissolved in dichloromethane (100ml) and 15 washed with 1N hydrochloric acid (2x100ml) and brine. The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated in vacuo to yield (2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2.3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide as a brown foam (7.5g).
- 20 HPLC Rt = 3.88 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 658.
 - (2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide
- 25 (2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-benzyloxyphenyl)ethanamide (1.0g) was dissolved in dichloromethane (5ml) and to this was added dropwise a 1.0M solution of BBr₃ in dichloromethane (2.0ml). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. To the reaction mixture was added 1N hydrochloric acid (30ml) and
- dichloromethane (20ml). The phases were separated and the organic phase was washed with 1N hydrochloric acid (30ml) and brine (30ml). The organic phase was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by BiotageTM flash column chromatography, eluting with 3:2 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane. The required fractions were combined and evaporated *in vacuo* to give (2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-25] (2.2 dibydra 1H index 2 yl) 6 isobutyl 2.5 dioxonipersyin 1 yll N (2-
- 35 (2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (210mg).
 - HPLC Rt = 3.55 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 568.
- 40 (2R)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl) -2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

Carbonyldiimidazole (100mg) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (1mL) and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. 2RS)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2hydroxyphenyl)ethanamide (200mg) was then added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours 20 minutes. The resulting brown solution was then treated with a 2.0M solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (1.0mL, 6 equiv.) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then left to stand at room temperature for 18 hours 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography eluting with 1:1v/v ethyl acetate:cyclohexane. The required fractions were combined and evaporated in vacuo to give (2R)-2-(benzothien-5-yl) -2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide as a white solid (90mg). HPLC Rt = 3.35 minutes, $m/z [M+H]^{+} = 504$. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (d, 1H), 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.70 (d, 1H), 7.54 (d, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, 1H), 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.13 (m, 3H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.25 (m, 1H), 4.02 (dd, 1H), 3.23-3.04 (m, 3H), 3.01 (s, 3H), 2.93-2.77 (m, 5H), 1.50-1.32 (m, 2H), 0.52 (m, 1H), 0.49 (d, 3H), 0.12 (d, 3H).

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Compounds 150-169 and 174-175 were prepared via method 1. Compound 170 was prepared via method 2. Compounds 171, 172 and 173 were prepared via method 5.

No.	Regno	MWt	Rt/mi	МН	МН	Name
			n	+	-	
150	O H ₃ C CH ₃	517.7	3.62	518	516	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
151	HN CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	516.6	3.12	517	515	2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]acetamide
152	HN H ₃ C CH ₃	533.7	3.42	534		(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide

153	F F CH ₃ CH ₃	555.6	3.71	556	554	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
154	HN H ₂ C CH ₂	532.7	3.32	533	531	(2R)-2-(1,3-benzothiazol-6-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
155	H ₃ C CH ₃	530.7	3.18	531	529	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl)ethanamide
156	HN CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	530.7	3.22	531	529	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-6-yl)ethanamide
157	HIV N HIV CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	629.7	3.06		514	(2R)-2-(1H-benzimidazol-5-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}-ethanamide trifluoroacetate
158	H ₃ C CH ₃	515.7	3.72	516	514	(2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-2-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide

159	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₃ CH ₄	530.7	3.3	531	529	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl)ethanamide
160	HN H ₂ C CH ₃	530.7	3.35	531	529	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-6-yl)ethanamide
161	HN CH ₃	519.7	3.37	520	518	(2R)-2-(1,2,3-benzothiadiazol-6-yl)-2- [(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2- yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- N-isopropylethanamide
162	H ₃ C H ₃ C H ₃ C H ₃ C	514.7	3.41	515		(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)ethanamide
163	H ₁ C CH ₃	529.6				(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(2-oxo-2H-chromen-6-yl)ethanamide
164	HN CH ₃	517.7	3.53	518	516	(2R)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide

165	H,C CH ₃	501.6	3.42	502	500	(2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-6-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide
166	H ₃ CC CH ₃	500.6	3.35	501	499	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indol-6-yl)-N-isopropylethanamide
167	H ₃ C CH ₃	515.7	4.88	516	514	2R-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)acetamide
168	H ₁ CO CH ₃	515.7	4.32	516	514	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-6-yl)ethanamide
169	H ₃ C CH ₃	515.7	2.65	516	514	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl)ethanamide
170	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	502.6	3.35	503	501	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(3-methyl-1,2-benzisoxazol-5-yl)ethanamide

г — Т	ни/	10.5.5	- 0= 1	40.5	405	(2D) 2 [(2D (D) 2 (2 2 dibydge 1]]
171		486.6	3.07	487	485	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indol-5-yl)-
!	HN TOH,					N,N-dimethylethanamide
	Ţ 🧻					
	H ₃ C CH ₃					
172	HN-N	487.6	2.94	488	-	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
1/2		407.0	2.2-1	700		inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indazol-5-
	CH ₃					yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
						yı)-ıv,ıv-dimetriyletrariamide
	₩ _{,с} сн,					
173	NH	487.6	2.99	488	486	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	GH ₃					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indazol-6-
	, по си,					yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
	HN HN H					
	II В н _ъ с снъ					
174		511.7	3.56	512		(2R,S)-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
]			dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(2-
	CH ₃					naphthyl)acetamide
	HN U CH3					
	ы _н с сн,					
175	N	512.7	3.19	513		(2R,S)-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
1						inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-
	N CH ₃					quinolin-6-ylacetamide
	HN Ö CH3					
	H ₃ C CH ₃					
		1				

Example 176

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 $\underline{(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide}$

To a solution of 5-trifluoromethyl-furan-2-carbaldehyde (140mg)[prepared as in ref. Chem. Heterocycl. Compd. 13, 1977, 1280-1282 by R.V.Grigorash, V.V.Lyalin, L.A.Alekseeva and L.M.Yagupol'skii: 5-Trifluoromethylfuran Derivatives] in methanol

(1.1ml) was added triethylamine (118 µl) and (D)-leucine t-butyl ester hydrochloride (190mg). The mixture was left to stand for 16.33 hours before (2R)-[(tertbutoxycarbonyl)amino](2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)ethanoic acid (246mg) and isopropylisocyanide (77.4µl) were sequentially added. The mixture, a yellow solution, was left to stand for 24 hours before the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was 5 dissolved in 4M hydrogen chloride in dioxane (3ml) and left to stand for 6.75 hours at ambient temperature. After this time, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in methanol (4ml) and treated with a solution of 4M hydrogen chloride in dioxane (0.2ml) and was left to stand overnight. After this time, the solvent was removed in vacuo. The residue was stirred in dioxane (9.5ml) containing triethylamine (0.5ml) 10 and dichloromethane (5ml) for 4.75 hours. Then the mixture was evaporated in vacuo to leave a light brown solid. This crude material was purified by SPE column (10g, silica Mega Bond ElutTM) eluting stepwise with 100% chloroform, 4:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 3:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 2:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 1:1 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 1:2 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 1:3 cyclohexane: diethyl ether, 100% 15 diethyl ether, 1:1 ethyl acetate: cyclohexane, 2:1 ethyl acetate: cyclohexane, 3:1 ethyl acetate: cyclohexane, 100% ethyl acetate. The 1:2 cyclohexane: diethyl ether to 2:1 ethyl acetate: cyclohexane fractions inclusive were combined to give an orange gum (215mg). The gum was purified further, to separate the isomers, by preparative plate chromatography. Whatman PK6F silicagel 60 plates 20 × 20 cm², eluted in 1:1 ethyl 20 acetate: cyclohexane six times and extracted with 9:1 ethyl acetate: methanol to give (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-Nisopropyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide (64mg), HPLC Rt = 3.59 minutes; m/z [M+H1⁺ = 520. 1 H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.16 (m, 4H), 6.85 (d, 1H), 6.74 (d,1H), 6.30 (d,1H), 25

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, 1H), 7.16 (m, 4H), 6.85 (d, 1H), 6.74 (d,1H), 6.30 (d,1H), 5.73 (s, H), 4.19 (dd, 1H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, 1H), 3.14 (m, 2H), 3.01 (m, 1H), 2.84 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.15 (d, 6H), 1.11 (m, 1H), 0.82 (dd, 6H).

Similarly prepared

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Example 177

 $\underline{(2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(5-methylthien-2-yl)ethanamide}$

By the procedure of Example 176 but using 5-methyl-thiophene-2-carbaldehyde HPLC Rt = 3.46 minutes; m/z [M+H]⁺ = 482.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, 1H), 6.67 (d, 1H), 6.63 (d, 1H), 5.73 (d, 1H), 4.94 (s, 1H), 4.07 (m, 1H), 3.93 (m, 2H), 3.16 (dd, 1H), 3.05 (m, 2H), 2.93 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.17 (d, 3H), 1.12 (d, 3H), 0.94 (d, 3H), 0.92 (d, 3H)

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Example 178

- N-[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-5 dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]acetamide A mixture of 5-trifluoromethyl-furan-2-carbaldehyde (351mg), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (389mg), triethylamine (0.298ml) and methanol (2.2ml) was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours and then left to stand for 19 hours. N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-(D)-indanylglycine (623mg) and 2-benzyloxy-phenylisocyanide (448mg) were then 10 added sequentially and the mixture stirred for 7 hours before being left to stand at room temperature for 41 hours. Then the solvent was removed under reduced pressure to leave an orange / brown syrup. This was taken up in 4M hydrogen chloride in 1,4-dioxane (2.8ml) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The solvent and hydrogen chloride were evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude material was 15 dissolved in methanol (5ml) and triethylamine (0.54ml) added. The mixture was stirred for 18 hours before the methanol and excess of triethylamine were removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by BiotageTM flash column chromatography (40g silica cartridge eluted with 1:5 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane (600ml), 1:3 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane (400ml) and 1:2 ethyl acetate:cyclohexane (450ml)) to 20 yield N-[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]acetamide as an orange solid (472mg).
- 25 HPLC Rt = 4.04 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 660.

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- $\underline{2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]acetamide}$
- N-[2-(benzyloxy)phenyl]-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]acetamide (469mg) was dissolved in ethyl acetate (10ml) and hydrogenated at atmospheric pressure over 10% palladium on activated carbon (100mg). After 4 hours the catalyst was removed by filtration through glass fibre filters and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrate and washings were combined, evaporated under reduced pressure and dried *in vacuo* at room temperature to leave a yellow / brown solid (400mg). The solid was dried over P₂O₅ overnight to give 2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]acetamide (365mg). HPLC Rt = 3.64 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 570.
 - $\underline{(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide}$

Carbonyldiimidazole (78mg, 1.6 equiv.) was suspended in anhydrous dichloromethane (1mL) and the suspension was left at room temperature for 15 minutes. (R)-N-(2-Hydroxy-phenyl)-2-((3R,6R)-3-indan-2-yl-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxo-piperazin-1-yl)-2-(5trifluoromethyl-furan-2-yl)-acetamide (172mg) was then added and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours 20 minutes. The resulting brown solution was 5 then treated with a 2.0M solution of dimethylamine in tetrahydrofuran (0.9mL, 6 equiv.) and the resulting mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then left to stand at room temperature for 18 hours 15 minutes. The reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (2mL) and washed with 1M hydrochloric acid (2mL). The organic phase was separated using a hydrophobic frit and was evaporated under reduced pressure 10 to leave a brown gum. The crude product was applied to 3 preparative chromatography plates, which were eluted with 1:1v/v ethyl acetate:cyclohexane. The required band was extracted with ethyl acetate to give the (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-

15 <u>furyl]ethanamide</u> as a pale yellow solid (87mg). HPLC Rt = 3.51 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 506. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 7.19 (m, 5H), 6.86 (dd, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 4.25 (m, 1H), 3.97 (dd, 1H), 3.20-3.02 (m, 3H), 3.01 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 0.74 (d, 3H), 0.70 (m, 1H), 0.63 (d, 3H).

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Example 179

(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide

By the procedure of Example 178, using (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide

HPLC: Rt = 2.88 minutes; $m/z (M+H)^{+} = 453$

30 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide

A mixture of 2-methyl-oxazole-4-carbaldehyde⁽¹⁾ (340mg), (D)-leucine methyl ester hydrochloride (568mg), triethylamine (0.435ml) and anhydrous methanol (20ml) was stirred at room temperature for 18 hours. N-benzyloxycarbonyl-(D)-indanylglycine (1.015g) and 2-benzyloxy-phenylisocyanide (648mg) were then added sequentially and the mixture stirred for 12 days before being left to stand at room temperature for 10 days. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure to leave a dark orange gum which was dissolved in ethyl acetate (150mL) and washed with 2M hydrochloric acid (100mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100mL) and saturated sodium chloride solution (50mL) then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure to a volume of 5mL. This crude solution was diluted with ethanol (80mL)

containing acetic acid (1.6mL) and added under vacuum to 10% palladium on carbon (50% water, 425mg). The resulting suspension was stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 20 hours, filtered (celite filteraid) washed with ethanol (50mL) and the filtrate added under vacuum to a second quantity of 10% palladium on carbon (50% water, 670mg). The suspension was stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen for 2 hours, 5 the hydrogenation apparatus was then evacuated and refilled with hydrogen and the suspension stirred for a further 20 hours. The suspension was filtered (celite filteraid) washed with ethanol (200mL) and the combined filtrates concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partitioned between saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100mL) and dichloromethane (60mL), then the organic layer dried (hydrophobic frit) 10 and the solvent removed under reduced pressure. Purification by Biotage flash chromatography (40g silica) eluting with ethyl acetate: cyclohexane (3:1, 300mL) ethyl acetate (300mL) then ethyl acetate: methanol (20:1, 600mL) gave (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide as a brown foam (197mg). 15 $HPLC : Rt = 3.28 \text{ minutes} ; m/z (M+H)^{+} = 517$ Ref (1) CAS 113732-84-6

Example 180

20 (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazine-2,5-dione

By the procedure of Example 179, using morpholine

HPLC: Rt = 2.89 minutes; m/z (M+H)⁺ = 495

25 **Example 181**

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2-(3-Bromo-5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-[1,3]dioxane

3-Bromo-5-methyl-2-thiophenecarbaldehyde (1.00g) was dissolved in dry 1,4-dioxane (8ml). Molecular sieves (4 Angstrom, 2g), 1,3-propandiol (9ml), p-toluene sulphonic acid (362mg) were added and the mixture was stirred under a nitrogen atmosphere, at room temperature, over night. Molecular sieves were removed by filtration and the filtrate evaporated. The residue was taken up with ethyl acetate and washed with

saturated solution of sodium carbonate. The aqueous was extracted with more ethyl acetate and the combined layers washed with brine, dried over magnesium sulphate, filtrated and concentrated to a yellow oil (1g).

Purification was performed by filtration on a SPE cartridge (Silica-10g) using dichloromethane as eluent. The solution was eventually concentrated to yield 2-(3-bromo-5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-[1,3]dioxane as a yellow solid (1.18g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz): 6.60ppm (s, 1H); 5.72ppm (s, 1H); 4.23ppm (m, 2H); 3.98ppm (m, 2H); 2.44ppm (d, 3H); 2.22ppm (m, 1H); 1.42ppm (m, 1H).

3-Fluoro-5-methyl-thiophene-2-carbaldehyde

To a solution of 2-(3-bromo-5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-[1,3]dioxane (1.16g) in dry tetrahydrofuran (10ml), under a nitrogen atmosphere, at -78 °C, 1.6M n-butyl lithium in hexane (3.30ml) was added dropwise. After 15 minutes stirring, N-fluoro-benzenesulfonyl-imide (1.66g) was added portionwise. The solution was stirred at -78 °C for further 10 minutes, allowed to warm to room temperature and then stirred for a further 60 minutes. The reaction was quenched with water (5ml), diluted with diethyl ether (20ml) and washed with 1N sodium hydroxide (30ml). The aqueous was extracted with diethyl ether again (2x10ml), the combined organic layers were dried over magnesium sulphate, filtrated and evaporated. The residue was redissolved in 1,4-dioxane (15ml) and water (10), p-toluene sulphonic acid (837mg) was added and the solution was stirrer at room temperature, over night. Neutralised with a saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (10ml), then extracted with ether twice. The organic was dried over magnesium sulphate and evaporated at reduced pressure (200mbar). The residual dioxane was removed by distillation at reduced pressure, the residue further purified by flash chromatography (petroleum ether / dichloromethane 55/45), giving 3-fluoro-5-methyl-thiophene-2carbaldehyde as a colourless oil (366mg), approximately 70% pure. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz): δ 9.93ppm (s, 1H); 6.62ppm (s, 1H); 2.52ppm (m, 3H).

30 Similarly prepared:

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Compounds 183 -206,213,215,218,222-225 were prepared via method 1. Compounds 207,208,216, were prepared via method 2. Compounds 209-212, 214,217,219-221 and 226 were prepared via method 5.

ŕ	220 11	cre propared via incure					
	Eg	Structure	MWt	Rt	+ve	-ve	name
	No.			/min	ion	ion	
	183	s	467.7	3.4	468	466	(2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
İ							1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
į							dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
							isopropyl-2-thien-2-
		н,о сн,					ylethanamide

104	/ ^{Br}	5166	2.6	FACIE	EACIE	(29) 2 (5 homosthian 2 vi) 2
184		546.6	3.6	546/5	546/5	(2S)-2-(5-bromothien-2-yl)-2-
				48	44	[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
				}	:	inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
:	Ĭ					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	H ₃ C CH ₃					isopropylethanamide
185		546.6	3.6	546/5	544/5	(2S)-2-(4-bromothien-2-yl)-2-
				48	46	[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
}	CH,					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
}						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	н,с сн,					isopropylethanamide
186	ci.>=\	502.1	3.6	501-3	499-	(2S)-2-(5-chlorothien-2-yl)-2-
	a R				501	[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH ₃			1	}	inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	HW 6H,			1		dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	ö н,с ✓сн,		i			isopropylethanamide
187	\$_\\	467.7	3.3	468	466	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
				İ		dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	ни т		i	}]	isopropyl-2-thien-3-
	н _э с сн _э		i			ylethanamide
188		544.8	3.4	545	543	(2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
1						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
						isopropyl-2-(5-pyridin-2-
ļ						ylthien-2-yl)ethanamide
190	н _э с сн,	451.6	3.3	452	150	(2D) 2 [(2D 6D) 2 (2 2 dibyday
189		431.0	3.3	432	450	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
1	CH,					1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
1	ніч в сн,	!				dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-furyl)-
	, н _{іс} сн,	4	<u> </u>	1	1	N-isopropylethanamide
190		465.7	3.4	466	464	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
						3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-
	HI HIO CH,	[6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	H ₃ C CH ₃			<u> </u>		yl]-2-(3-furyl)ethanamide
200	H,C, N	508.7	2.9	509	507	5-[1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
	" \			}	}	1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-
Ì	HN	[(isopropylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-
	l н,с		ļ			N-methyl-3-furamide

Г. Т	g T	500 =		500	507	5 [(1D) 1 [(2D (D) 2 (2 2
201	/= Сн₃	508.7	3	509	507	5-[(1R)-1-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-
						dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
	CH,					isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	HN CH,					yl]-2-(isopropylamino)-2-
	н,с сн,					oxoethyl]-N-methyl-2-furamide
202	/==\def	530.5	3.5	529/5	527/5	(2R)-2-(5-bromo-2-furyl)-2-
				31	29	[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-
	CH ₃					inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	ни д сн,			[dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	о н _{ус} он,					isopropylethanamide
203	H ₃ C CH ₃	479.7	3.5	480	478	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(4,5-
	HN HN CH,					dimethyl-2-furyl)-N-
	Н,с					isopropylethanamide
204	н,с	465.7	3.4	466	464	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
204		403.7	3.4	400	707	1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
	CH,					dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	HN CH,					
	и _т с сн,					isopropyl-2-(5-methyl-2- furyl)ethanamide
		455.6	2.2	470	4776	
205		477.6	3.3	478	476	(2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-
	CH,					3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-
	HN H ₃ C CH ₃			ļ		6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-
	∥ ,с сн,				<u> </u>	yl]-2-pyrimidin-5-ylethanamide
206);—n(CH,	465.7	2.9	466	464	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
						1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-
	н\					isopropyl-2-(1-methyl-1H-
	н,с сн,					pyrazol-4-yl)ethanamide
207	НуС	468.7	3	469	none	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
207		700./		405		1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-
	HN. CH ₃					dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1,3-
225	н,с сн,	500.6	2.4	500	501	thiazol-4-yl)ethanamide
208	F 11-8	522.6	3.4	523	521	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-
	Q CH,					1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
						dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-
	HN	1				dimethyl-2-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-
	н,с сн,				L	1,3-thiazol-4-yl]ethanamide

209	CH ₃ N CH ₃ N CH ₃	462.7	3.1	463		(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)ethanamide
210	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	558.7	3.3	559		(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-{(1R)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxo-1-[6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridin-3-yl]ethyl}piperazine-2,5-dione
211	CH ₃	464.6	2.7	465	463	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(6-oxo-1,6-dihydropyridin-3-yl)ethanamide
212	CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₄	478.6	3.04	479.23	477.26	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
213	H _C C-N H _C C-N CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	479.6	3.03	480	478	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl)-N-isopropylethanamide
214	H ₁ C CH ₂	466.56	3.1	467	-	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(2-ethyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
215	HIN HIS CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	482.6	3.58	483	481	N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3- (2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1- yl]-2-(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)acetamide

216	F F F N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	522.6	3.46	523	521	2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]acetamide
217		478.6	3.07	479	477	(2R)-2-(2-cyclopropyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide
218	F ₃ C N HN HN HN HN HN HN HN HN HN HN HN HN H	520.5	3.47	521	519	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-oxazol-4-yl]ethanamide
219	CH ₂ CH ₃ CH ₄ CH ₅ CH ₆	554.7	2.8	555	553	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-2-(6-methylpyridin-3-yl)-N-[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]ethanamid e
220	F, F F, N N, N N, O CH ₃	604.7	2.7	605	603	(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-{(1R)-2-[4-(2-methoxyethyl)piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxo-1-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethyl}piperazine-2,5-dione
221	F F F CH ₃ N CH ₃	585.6	2.8	586	584	(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-[(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-yl)methyl]-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide
222	HN CH ₃	462.6	3.29	463	461	2-((3R,6R)-3-Indan-2-yl-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxo-piperazin-1- yl)-N-isopropyl-2-pyridin-2-yl- acetamide

223	HN CH ₃ CH ₃	462.6	3.09	463	461	2-((3R,6R)-3-Indan-2-yl-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxo-piperazin-1- yl)-N-isopropyl-2-pyridin-3-yl- acetamide
224	CH ₃ HN HN H ₃ CCH ₃	516.7	3.41	517	515	N-Cyclohexyl-2-((3R,6R)-3-indan-2-yl-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-acetamide
225	HN CH ₃ CH ₃ CH ₃	462.6	2.93	463	461	2-((3R,6R)-3-Indan-2-yl-6- isobutyl-2,5-dioxo-piperazin-1- yl)-N-isopropyl-2-pyridin-4-yl- acetamide
226	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	466.6	3.06	467	-	(R)-2-(2,5-Dimethyl-oxazol-4-yl)-2-((3R,6R)-3-indan-2-yl-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxo-piperazin-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylacetamide

Example 227

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 $\underline{(3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione}$

The azetidinol (Example 15) (57 mg) in anhydrous dichloromethane (2 mL) was stirred at -5°C and diethylaminosulfur trifluoride (50 µL, excess) was added in one portion. The mixture was left at room temperature overnight and saturated aqueous sodium hydrogen carbonate (3 mL) was added. The mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (10 mL) and the organic phase was separated using a hydrophobic frit and blown down with nitrogen. The crude reaction mixture was purified using the mass-directed autoprep system to give (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione (26 mg) as a white solid.

15 HPLC Rt = 3.34 minutes, m/z [M+H]⁺ = 514

PharmcyExamples

Tablets

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30

a)	Compound of the invention	50.0mg
•	Lactose ·	70.0mg
	Microcrystalline Cellulose	70.0mg
	Cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone	8.0mg
	Magnesium Stearate	<u>2.0mg</u>
	Compression weight	200.0mg

The compound of the invention, microcrystalline cellulose, lactose and cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone are sieved through a 500 micron sieve and blended in a suitable mixer. The magnesium stearate is sieved through a 250 micron sieve and blended with the active blend. The blend is compressed into tablets using suitable punches.

	b)	Compound of the invention	50.0mg
	·	Lactose	120.0mg
5		Pregelatinised Starch	20.0mg
		Cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone	8.0mg
		Magnesium Stearate	<u>2.0mg</u>
		Compression weight	200.0mg

The compound of the invention, lactose and pregelatinised starch are blended together and granulated with water. The wet mass is dried and milled. The magnesium stearate and cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone are screened through a 250 micron sieve and blended with the granule. The resultant blend is compressed using suitable tablet punches.

Capsules

25	a)	Compound of the invention	50.0mg
	ĺ	Lactose	148.0mg
		Magnesium Stearate	<u>2.0mg</u>
		Fill weight	200.0mg

The compound of the invention and pregelatinised starch are screened through a 500 micron mesh sieve, blended together and lubricated with magnesium stearate, (meshed through a 250 micron sieve). The blend is filled into hard gelatine capsules of a suitable size.

	b)	Compound of the invention	$50.0 \mathrm{mg}$
		Lactose	132.0mg
35		Polyvinylpyrrolidone	8.0mg
		Cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone	8.0mg

Magnesium Stearate	<u>2.0mg</u>
Fill weight	200.0mg

The compound of the invention and lactose are blended together and granulated with a solution of polyvinylpyrrolidone. The wet mass is dried and milled. The magnesium stearate and cross-linked polyvinylpyrrolidone are screened through a 250 micron sieve and blended with the granules. The resultant blend is filled into hard gelatine capsules of a suitable size.

Injection Formulation

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10		% w/v
	Compound of the invention	0.10
	Water for injections B.P. to	100.00

Sodium chloride may be added to adjust the tonicity of the solution and the pH may be adjusted to that of maximum stability and/or to facilitate solution of the compound of the invention using dilute acid or alkali or by the addition of suitable buffer salts. Solubilisers, such as cosolvents, may also be added to facilitate solution of the compound of the invention. Antioxidants and metal chelating salts may also be included. The solution is clarified, made up to final volume with water and the pH remeasured and adjusted if necessary, to provide 1mg/ml of the compound of formula (I).

The solution may be packaged for injection, for example by filling and sealing in ampoules, vials or syringes. The ampoules, vials or syringes may be aseptically filled (e.g. the solution may be sterilised by filtration and filled into sterile ampoules under aseptic conditions) and/or terminally sterilised (e.g. by heating in an autoclave using one of the acceptable cycles). The solution may be packed under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen.

Preferably the solution is filled into ampoules, sealed by fusion of the glass and terminally sterilised.

Further sterile formulations are prepared in a similar manner containing 0.05, 0.20 and 0.5% w/v of the compound of the invention, so as to provide respectively 0.5, 2 and 5mg/ml of the compound of the invention.

35 Measurement of Oxytocin Antagonist Activity

Assay Buffer used throughout the assay: 50mM HEPES, 10mM MgCl2, 0.125mg/ml BSA, pH adjusted to 7.4 with KOH.

hOT-CHO membranes were prepared at a concentration of 0.3mg protein/ml in assay buffer. Test compounds were initially dissolved in DMSO (to 10mM) and diluted in DMSO (Beckman Biomek FX). 1µl of compound was transferred to black 384 assay plates (NUNC) using a Biomek FX. 20µl of 1nM Bodipy TMR Oxytocin (Perkin Elmer) in assay buffer was added to all wells (Labsystems Multidrop) then 20µl membrane added to all wells (Multidrop). Plates were incubated at room temp for 60 min.

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Polarisation was read on LJL Analyst (λ Ex=535nm, λ Em=580nM, λ Dichroic=555nm). Data were fitted to a 4 parameter logistic equation. An estimated Ki was calculated as IC50/5.

In the above test compounds of formula (I) in general have a pKi value within the range of 7 to 11. Thus the compounds of examples 1 to 227 have a pKi within the range 8.5 to 10.8.

The compounds of formula (I) are essentially non toxic at therapuetically active doses. Thus compound of the example 10 has been administered to rats at doses of up to 300mg/kg p.o for 4 days. and no adverse toxicological effects were observed.

Claims

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1. A method of treating or preventing benign prostatic hyperplasia which comprises administering to a mammal in need thereof of an effective amount of a compound of the formula (I)

$$R_1$$
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4
 R_2
 R_3
 R_4

and/or a physiologically acceptable derivative thereof, wherein:

R₁ represents aryl (C_{1-4}) alkyl or a 5-7 membered cycloalkyl group optionally substituted with one or more hydroxyl groups which is fused to an optionally substituted benzene ring;

 R_2 represents C_{1-6} alkyl (optionally substituted by a C_{1-2} alkoxy, C_{1-2} alklthio, di(C_{1-2} alkyl) amino or a C_{3-6} cycloalkyl group) or C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, or 5-6 membered heterocyclic group containing a single hetero atom selected from O, S or N, which nitrogen atom carries a hydrogen atom or a methyl or ethyl group;

R₃ represents optionally substituted phenyl, a 5 or 6 membered hetero aryl group or a fused bicyclic ring system containing 9-10 ring members which may be a carbocyclic group or it may contain up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S or N and one of the fused rings is benzene;

 R_4 represents OH or OC_{1-4} alkyl (optionally substituted with C_{1-4} alkylcarbonyloxy) or NR_5R_6 :

R₅ represents hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl (optionally substituted with C₁₋₄alkoxy) or C₃₋₇cycloalkyl;

R₆ represents hydrogen, methyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₃₋₇cycloalkyl, C₂₋₄alkyl [optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from: carboxyl, C₁₋₄alkylsulphonyl, or C₁₋₄alkoxycarbonyl], C₂₋₄alkyl [optionally substituted with one or more groups selected from halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₄alkoxy or NR₇R₈ wherein R₇ and R₈ independently represent hydrogen or C₁₋₄alkyl or together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached to

form a 3-7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring which may contain an additional heteroatom selected from O, S or N (and which heterocyclic group may be substituted by 1 to 3 groups selected from C₁₋₃alkyl, hydroxy, C₁₋₃ alkoxy (optionally substituted by C₃₋₆ cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl), C₃₋₆cycloalkyl or NR_cR_d wherein R_c and R_d each independently represent a group selected from C₁₋₃alkyl (optionally substituted by

35 C $_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl) or C $_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl)] or R $_6$ represents a phenyl or benzyl group (optionally substituted by one or more methoxy or benzyloxy groups) or an optionally substituted heteroarylmethyl group or a heteroaryl group or C $_{3-7}$

cycloalkyl or the group CH2CONR9R10 wherein R9 represents hydrogen or C1-4alkyl, R10 represents hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted by a 5 or 6 membered heteroaryl group or R₉, R₁₀ and the nitrogen atom to which they are attached together form a 5 or 6 membered saturated heterocyclic ring and wherein the 6 membered heterocyclic group may contain an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulphur or nitrogen and the additional nitrogen atom either carries a hydrogen atom or a C₁₋₄alkyl or C₁₋₄alkanoyl group; or R₅ and R₆ together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 3 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring which heterocycle may contain an additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulphur and nitrogen and wherein the sulphur atom may be in an oxidised form e.g. SO₂ and the additional nitrogen atom either carries a hydrogen atom or a C₁₋₄alkyl or a C₁₋₄alkanoyl group or a C₁₋₄alkylsulphonyl group or a C_{1-3} alkoxy C_{2-4} alkyl [and which heterocyclic groups may be substituted by one or more halogen atoms or a group selected from C1-3alkyl, hydroxy, oxo, C 3-6cycloalkyl or NReRf wherein R_e and R_f each independently represent a group selected from C₁₋₃alkyl (optionally substituted by $\,$ C $_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl or optionally substituted phenyl) or C $_{3-6}$ cycloalkyl.].

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- 2. A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein R_1 is a 2-indanyl group and R_2 , R_3 and R_4 have the meanings defined in claim 1.
- 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 wherein R_4 is hydroxy or the group NR_5R_6 .
- 4. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3 wherein the compounds have the stereochemistry as defined in formula (1a).

$$R_1 \sim 0$$
 R_3
 R_4
 R_4
 R_2
 R_4
 R_4
 R_4
 R_4
 R_2
 R_4

wherein the groups R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ have the meanings defined for formula (I).

- 5. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4 wherein R_2 is a group selected from 1-methylpropy lor 2-methylpropyl.
- 6. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5 wherein R_3 is an optionally substituted phenyl group.

7. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6 wherein R_3 is a 5 or 6 membered hetero aryl group.

8. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7 wherein R₃ is a fused bicyclic ring system containing 9-10 ring members which may be a carbocyclic group or it may contain up to 3 heteroatoms selected from O, S or N and one of the fused rings is benzene.

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- 9. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 8 wherein R₃ is a group selected from phenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 3-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 2,3-difluorophenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 3,5-difluorophenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2-chloro-4-fluorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2 fluoro-4-bromophenyl, 4-chloro-3-fluorophenyl 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl or 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-4,5-
- dimethoxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4 methoxyphenyl, 2- fluoro-4 hydroxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-dimethylaminomethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-hydroxymethylphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 3-fluoro-4-carboxymethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-t-butyloxycarbonylmethyloxyphenyl, 3-fluoro-4-dimethylaminocarbonyloxyphenyl, 3-chloro-4 trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,3-difluoro-4-
- methyl-phenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-hydroxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxycarbonylphenyl, 3-methoxycarbonyphenyl, 4-methylsulphonylphenyl, 4-methylaminocarbonylphenyl, 4- aminocarbonylphenyl, 4-methylaminosulphonylphenyl, 3-(3-pyrazyolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(3-pyridyl)phenyl, 4-(2-pyridylphenyl), 4-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 3-(2-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-t-butyl-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl, 4-methylaminophenyl, 4-
- imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-t-butyl-tetrazol-5-yl)phenyl, 4-methylaminophenyl, 4-dimethylaminophenyl, 4-diethylaminophenyl, 4-acetylaminophenyl, 3-acetylaminophenyl, 4-hydroxy-3-acetylaminophenyl, 4-methylsulphonylaminophenyl, 4-N-methylpiperazinophenyl, 4-N-pyrrolidinophenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-morpholino)phenyl, 4-(4-hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 2-fluoro-4-(4-
- 30 hydroxypiperidino)phenyl, 3-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-pyrazolyl)phenyl, , 4-(1-3,5 di-t-butylpyrazolyl)phenyl, 3-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-imidazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,4-triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(1-1,2,3-triazolyl)phenyl, 4-(2-4,-t-butylthiazolyl)phenyl, 4-(5-2-t-butyltetrazolyl)phenyl, 4-(4 spiro-1,3-dioxolanyl)piperidinophenyl, 4-(4-fluorophenyl)phenyl, 4-(4-ethylaminosulphonylphenyl)phenyl, 4-
- dimethylaminoethoxyphenyl,3-(dihydroxyboryl)phenyl, 2-furanyl, 3-furanyl, 3-furanyl, 2-thienyl, 4-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-bromo-2-thienyl, 5-chloro-2-thienyl, 3-fluoro-5-methyl-2-thienyl, 5-methyl-2-furanyl, 5-bromo-2-furanyl, 4,5-dimethyl-2-furanyl, 5-trifluoromethyl-2-furanyl, 2-furanyl-4-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-furanyl-5-carboxylic acid methylamide, 2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-2-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 6-methyl-3-pyridyl, 4-methyl-3-pyridyl, 40 methoxy-3-pyridyl, 6-hydroxy-3-pyridyl, 6-trifluoromethyl-3-pyridyl, 3-pyridyl, 4-pyridyl, 3,5-pyrimidinyl, 2-thiazolyl, , 2-methyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-ethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-cyclopropyl-4-oxazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-oxazolyl, 2,5-dimethyl-4-oxazolyl, 4-

thiazolyl, 2-methyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-4-thiazolyl, 2-trifluoromethyl-5-thiazolyl, 1-methyl-4-pyrazolyl, 1,3-dimethyl-5-pyrazolyl, 5-(2-pyridyl)-2-thienyl, 2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl, 2,2-difluoro-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, 1,3-benzothiazol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-5-yl, 1-methyl-1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-6-yl, 1,2,3-benzothiadiazol-6-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1,3-benzoxazol-6-yl, 1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1-methy-1H-lindol-5-yl, 1-benzofuran-6-yl, 1H-indol-6-yl, 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1,2-benzoisoxazol-5-yl, 2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl, 1H-indol-5-yl, 2-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl, 1H-indazol-6-yl, 1-benzofuran-2-yl or 1-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl.

- 10. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 9 wherein R₅ is a group selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxyC₂₋₄alkyl and R₆ is a group selected from hydrogen, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄ alkyl substituted by 1 to 3 halogen atoms, C₁₋₄alkyl substituted by alkoxycarbonyl or carboxyl, alkyl substituted by alkoxy, alkyl substituted by hydroxy, alkyl substituted by dialkylamino, 2-benzyloxyphenyl, dimethoxybenzyl, optionally substituted heteroarylmethyl, heteroaryl, alkyl substituted by NR₇R₈ wherein NR₇R₈ form a 6-membered heterocyclic ring, cycloalkyl,or NR₅R₆ represents, azetidino, 3-hydroxyazetidino, 3-methoxyazetidino, pyrrolidino, piperidino, 4-dimethylaminopiperidino, 4-methyl 1,4-diazepan-1-yl, morpholino, an optionally substituted piperazino ring, thiomorpholino or the sulphoxide or sulphone thereof.
- 11. A method as claimed in any of claims 1 to 10 wherein the compound of formula25 (I) is selected from:-
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide
 - (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-2,5-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl-
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]- morpholinamide (2R)-2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
- (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-[4-(4-hydroxypiperidin-1-yl)phenyl]ethanamide.
 (2R)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}-2-(2-fluoro-4-morpholin-4-ylphenyl)-N-isopropylethanamide.
 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-
- 40 (4-fluorophenyl)-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide. (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.

(2R)-N-cyclopropyl-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.

- (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methylethanamide
- 5 (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide
 - (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
 - (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-hydroxyazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-hydroxyazetidin-1-yl)-3-(2,3-hydroxyazetidin-1-yl)-3-(3-h
- dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-2-azetidin-1-yl-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-N-methylethanamide
- (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-[2-(methylsulfonyl)ethyl]ethanamide (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)ethanamide
 - (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methyl-N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)ethanamide (3R,6R)-1-{(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[4-(methylsulfonyl)piperazin-1-yl]-2-oxoethyl}-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione (2R)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-methoxy-N-methylethanamide
- 25 (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoic acid methyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate propyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate
 1-(acetyloxy)ethyl (2R)-(2,4-difluorophenyl)[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanoate
 (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}ethanamide
- (2R)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-{(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-methylpropyl]-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl}ethanamide
 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1S)-1-methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-dione
 (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-[(
- 40 1H-inden-2-yl)-6-[(1R)-1-methylpropyl]piperazine-2,5-dione (3R,6R)-1-[(1R)-1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(3-fluoroazetidin-1-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione

(2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-	·N-
isopropyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide	

- (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(5-methylthien-2-yl)ethanamide
- 5 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-furyl]ethanamide (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)ethanamide (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1,3-oxazol-4-yl)-
- 2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazine-2,5-dione
 (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(5-methylthien-2-yl)ethanamide
 (2S)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(3-fluoro-5-methylthien-2-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
- (2R)-2-(1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 (2R)-2-(1,2,3-benzothiadiazol-6-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.
 (2R)-2-(2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-
- isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropylethanamide.
 (2R)-2-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-N-(tert-butyl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]ethanamide.
 (2R)-2-(benzofuran-5-yl)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide.
- 25 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N-isopropyl-2-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)ethanamide (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-6-isobutyl-1-[(1R)-1-(2-methyl-1-b
- yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]piperazin-2,5-dione
 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide
 (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-N-isopropylethanamide
- 35 (3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-1-[(1R)-1-(2-fluoro-1-benzofuran-5-yl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-2-oxoethyl]-6-isobutylpiperazine-2,5-dione (2R)-2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-2-(1H-indol-6-yl)-N,N-dimethylethanamide (2R)-2-(1-benzothien-5-yl) -2-[(3R,6R)-3-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-2-yl)-6-isobutyl-2,5-
- 40 dioxopiperazin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylethanamide

12. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (1) as defined in claim 1 or claim 2 together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers.

13. The use of compound of formula (1) as defined in claim 1 for the manufacture of a medicament for treating benign prostatic hyperplasia

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



International Application No PP/EP2004/006815

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61K31/495 A61K A61K31/496 A61P13/08 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61K Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category ° Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. P,X WO 03/053443 A (HATLEY RICHARD JONATHAN 12 LIVERMORE DAVID GEORGE HUBERT (GB); MILLÉR N) 3 July 2003 (2003-07-03) P,Y claims; examples 1 - 13EP 0 614 894 A (MERCK & CO INC) 1 - 1314 September 1994 (1994-09-14) page 16, lines 25-34 χ WO 99/47549 A (ONTOGEN CORP) 12 23 September 1999 (1999-09-23) claims 1,7,17 Α US 5 817 751 A (SZARDENINGS ANNA KATRIN 12 ET AL) 6 October 1998 (1998-10-06) column 1, lines 25-30; figure 2; examples Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. χ Special categories of cited documents: "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 13 October 2004 28/10/2004 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Veronese, A Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



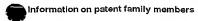
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C.(Continua	tion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	
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Box II Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
1. X Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Although claims $1-11$ are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box III Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 3 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
Remark on Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT



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